

Number 37 of 2007

MARKETS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS ACT 2007 REVISED

Updated to 29 October 2018

This Revised Act is an administrative consolidation of the *Markets in Financial Instruments* and *Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2007*. It is prepared by the Law Reform Commission in accordance with its function under the *Law Reform Commission Act 1975* (3/1975) to keep the law under review and to undertake revision and consolidation of statute law.

All Acts up to and including *Markets in Financial Instruments Act 2018* (25/2018), enacted 29 October 2018, and all statutory instruments up to and including *Public Health (Alcohol) Act 2018* (Commencement) Order 2018 (S.I. No. 448 of 2018), made 1 November 2018, were considered in the preparation of this Revised Act.

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ACTS REFERRED TO

Bankruptcy Act 1988	1988, No. 27
Central Bank Act 1942	1942, No. 22
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Companies Acts 1963 to 2006	
Consumer Credit Act 1995	1995, No. 24
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Finance Act 1993	1993, No. 13
Freedom of Information Act 1997	1997, No. 13
Health Act 2004	2004, No. 42
Insurance Act 1936	1936, No. 45
Insurance (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1985	1985, No. 8
Investment Funds, Companies and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2005	2005, No. 12
Investment Intermediaries Act 1995	1995, No. 11
Investor Compensation Act 1998	1998, No. 37
Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Act 1938	1938, No. 38
Ministerial, Parliamentary and Judicial Offices and Oireachtas Members (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2001	2001, No. 33
National Pensions Reserve Fund Act 2000	2000, No. 33
National Treasury Management Agency (Amendment) Act 2000	2000, No. 39
Netting of Financial Contracts Act 1995	1995, No. 25
Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1992	1992, No. 3
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MARKETS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS ACT 2007

REVISED

Updated to 29 October 2018

AN ACT TO MAKE PROVISION IN RELATION TO MARKETS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND TO MAKE MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO FINANCIAL SERVICES LEGISLATION AND TO THE MINISTERIAL AND PARLIAMENTARY OFFICES ACT 1938, THE NATIONAL PENSIONS RESERVE FUND ACT 2000, THE ORDNANCE SURVEY IRELAND ACT 2001, AND TO THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT 1997.

[31st October, 2007]

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OIREACHTAS AS FOLLOWS:

PART 1

Markets in Financial Instruments

Short title and collective citation.

1. — This Act may be cited as the Markets in Financial Instruments and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2007.

Commencement.

- 2.- (1) This Act comes into operation on such day or days as the Minister may appoint by order.
- (2) Different days may be appointed under this section for different purposes or provisions of this Act.

Interpretation.

3.— (1) In this Act:

"Bank" means the F1[Central Bank of Ireland];

"Irish investment services law" means—

- (a) the measures adopted for the time being by the State to implement the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive and the Supplemental Directive, including but not limited to such measures enacted by—
 - (i) an Act,

- (ii) the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 60 of 2007), or
- (iii) any other enactment,
- (b) any measures directly applicable in the State in consequence of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive, including but not limited to the MiFID Regulation, and
- (c) any supplementary or consequential measures or both adopted for the time being by the State in respect of the MiFID Regulation;

"Markets in Financial Instruments Directive" means Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments as amended or replaced from time to time by either a directive or regulation—

- (a) made by a competent organ of the European Union, and
- (b) implemented under the laws of the State;

"MiFID Regulation" means Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1287/2006 of 10 August 2006 implementing Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards record-keeping obligations for investment firms, transaction reporting, market transparency, admission of financial instruments to trading, and defined terms for the purposes of that Directive;

"Minister" means the Minister for Finance;

"Supplemental Directive" means Commission Directive No. 2006/73/EC of 10 August 2006 implementing Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards organisational requirements and operating conditions for investment firms and defined terms for the purposes of that Directive;

- (2) A word or expression that is used in this Act and is also used in the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive or the Supplemental Directive has the same meaning in this Act as it has in the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive or the Supplemental Directive, unless-
 - (a) the contrary intention appears, or
 - (b) Irish investment services law provides otherwise.

Expenses.

4.— The expenses incurred by the Minister in the administration of this Act shall be paid out of money provided by the Oireachtas.

Penalties for conviction on indictment of Irish investment services law.

5.— F2[...]

of Central Bank Act 1942.

- 6.— Fees shall be payable pursuant to section 33K of the Central Bank Act 1942 in under section 33K respect of the performance by the Bank of its functions under—
 - (a) Irish investment services law, and
 - (b) Irish market abuse law as defined in the Investment Funds, Companies and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2005.

F3[Regulations in relation to transparency in trading in certain financial instruments.

- **6A.** (1) In this section 'financial instruments' has the same meaning as in the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 60 of 2007).
- (2) For the purposes of ensuring that trading in financial instruments in the State is and remains fair, orderly and transparent, or where the Minister considers it necessary or expedient to do so to advance the objectives of a Directive of the European Communities relating to the oversight of financial markets and trading in financial instruments (or of a law of the State giving effect to such a Directive), the Minister may, after consulting the Bank, make regulations requiring persons (or persons of specified classes) who have entered into transactions in specified financial instruments or classes of financial instruments to disclose to the Bank or the public (or both) such information as may be specified in the regulations.
 - (3) Regulations under subsection (2)—
 - (a) may provide for the method of disclosure and the form in which the disclosure is to be made, and
 - (b) may make such incidental, supplementary or consequential provision as the Minister considers necessary or expedient for the purposes of the regulations, including provisions creating offences (but only providing penalties in respect of summary convictions for such offences).
- (4) Every regulation made under subsection (2) shall be laid before each House of the Oireachtas as soon as may be after it is made and, if a resolution annulling the regulation is passed by either such House within the next 21 days on which that House has sat after the regulation is laid before it, the regulation shall be annulled accordingly but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under the regulation. 1

Amendments to Central Bank Act 1942.

- 7. The Central Bank Act 1942 is amended—
 - (a) by substituting the following for the definition of "Supervisory Directives" in section 33AK(10):
 - " 'Supervisory Directives' means—
 - (a) Directive 2000/12/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 March 2000,
 - (b) Council Directive 93/22/EEC of 10 May 1993,
 - (c) Council Directive 85/611/EEC of 20 December 1985,
 - (d) Council Directive 92/49/EEC of 18 June 1992,
 - (e) Council Directive 92/96/EEC of 10 November 1992,
 - (f) the 2003 Market Abuse Directive (within the meaning of Part 4 of the Investment Funds, Companies and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2005),
 - (g) the supplemental Directives (within the meaning of that Part
 - (h) the 2003 Prospectus Directive (within the meaning of Part 5 of the Investment Funds, Companies and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2005).
 - (i) Directive 2005/68/EC of 16 November 2005,

- (j) the Transparency (Regulated Markets) Directive (within the meaning of Part 3 of the Investment Funds, Companies and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2006),
- (k) Directive 2006/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 relating to the taking up and pursuit of the business of credit institutions,
- (/) Directive 2006/49/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 on the capital adequacy of investment firms and credit institutions,
- (m) Directive 2002/92/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 December 2002 on insurance mediation,
- (n) Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments, and
- (o) the Supplemental Directive and the MiFID Regulation as defined in section 3(1) of the Markets in Financial Instruments and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2007.",
- (b) in Schedule 2, by inserting in Part 1 the following item after the item relating to the Investment Funds, Companies and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2006:

2007	Markets	in	Financial	Instruments	and	Part 1 and sections 9 to 11, 13
	Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2007				and 17	

and

(c) in Schedule 2, by inserting in Part 2 the following items after the item relating to the European Communities (Reinsurance) Regulations 2006:

S.I. No. 660 of 2006	European Communities (Capital Adequacy of Investment Firms) Regulations 2006	The whole instrument
S.I. No. 661 of 2006	European Communities (Capital Adequacy of Credit Institutions) Regulations 2006	The whole instrument

Repeal of Stock Exchange Act 1995. 8.— The Stock Exchange Act 1995 is repealed on 1 November 2007.

PART 2

Miscellaneous

Penalties for conviction on indictment of European Communities (Reinsurance) Regulations.

- 9.- (1) An offence under Regulations 5(2), 6(2), 20(2), 22(4), 28(2), 29(2), 58(9), 59(8), 60(6), 62(4), 75(1), or 76(1) of the European Communities (Reinsurance) Regulations 2006 (S.I. No. 380 of 2006) is an offence which may be tried on indictment.
- (2) A person who commits an offence under a Regulation referred to in *subsection* (1) is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine not exceeding €10,000,000 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 10 years or both.
 - (3) This section is without prejudice to—

- (a) any penalty provided by the European Communities (Reinsurance) Regulations 2006 (S.I. No. 380 of 2006) in respect of a summary conviction for an offence, and
- (b) the ability to bring and prosecute summary proceedings for any offence under those Regulations.

Amendment to section 1 of Netting of Financial Contracts Act 1995.

- 10. Section 1 of the Netting of Financial Contracts Act 1995 is amended—
 - (a) by inserting the following after the definition of "the Companies Acts":
 - "'entity' includes—
 - (a) a natural or legal person, including a state or any international organisation duly established,
 - (b) any subdivision or authenticating or other authority of a state or international organisation, and
 - (c) an unincorporated body of persons;",
 - (b) by substituting the following for the definition of "financial contracts":
 - "'financial contracts' means one or more contracts consisting of one or more or a combination of the following:
 - (a) interest-rate contracts which are one or more of—
 - (i) single-currency interest rate swaps,
 - (ii) basis swaps,
 - (iii) forward-rate agreements,
 - (iv) interest-rate futures,
 - (v) interest-rate options,
 - (vi) other contracts of a similar nature to those specified in any of subparagraphs (i) to (v), and
 - (vii) contracts which are combinations of contracts referred to in subparagraphs (i) to (vi);
 - (b) foreign-exchange contracts which are one or more of—
 - (i) cross-currency interest-rate swaps,
 - (ii) spot foreign-exchange contracts,
 - (iii) forward foreign-exchange contracts,
 - (iv) currency futures,
 - (v) currency options,
 - (vi) other contracts of a similar nature to those specified in any of subparagraphs (i) to (v), and
 - (vii) contracts which are combinations of contracts referred to in subparagraphs (i) to (vi);
 - (c) contracts relating to, or which concern indices relating to, one or more of equities, bonds, gold, precious metals other than

gold, and commodities other than precious metals, or a combination of them, which consist of one or more of-

- (i) swaps,
- (ii) spot contracts,
- (iii) forward contracts,
- (iv) futures,
- (v) options,
- (vi) other contracts of a similar nature to those specified in any of subparagraphs (i) to (v), and
- (vii) contracts which are combinations of contracts referred to in subparagraphs (i) to (vi);
- (d) securities lending and securities borrowing contracts;
- (e) sale and repurchase agreements, including reverse repurchase agreements, in relation to securities;
- (f) buy and sell back agreements in relation to either or both securities and equities;
- (g) in relation to equities,
 - (i) equities lending and equities borrowing contracts, and
 - (ii) sale and repurchase agreements, including reverse repurchase agreements;
- (h) in relation to commodities,
 - (i) commodity lending and commodity borrowing contracts,
 - (ii) sale and repurchase agreements, including reverse repurchase agreements;
- (i) contracts for either or both the assumption of and laying off of credit risk-
 - (i) on loans, debt securities or other assets, or
 - (ii) in relation to an entity,

or other contracts of a similar nature;

- (j) any derivatives not otherwise encompassed by paragraphs (a) to (i) or paragraphs (k) to (o) concerning a reference item or index, whether cash-settled or physically settled, including—
 - (i) swaps,
 - (ii) spot contracts,
 - (iii) forwards,
 - (iv) futures,
 - (v) options, and
 - (vi) contracts for difference;

- (k) title transfer collateral arrangements;
- (1) any net amount due under a netting agreement or a master netting agreement;
- (m) agreements to buy or sell, clear or settle transactions in, or act as a depository for, any—
 - (i) financial asset, including, without limitation, any security (including any equity), currency, obligation evidencing debt (including a loan or deposit) and any negotiable or transferable instrument and any intangible asset, or
 - (ii) commodity (including precious metal), energy or energy source;
- (n) contracts contained in points 4 to 7, 9 and 10 of Section C of Annex I to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments;
- (o) any contract included by virtue of section 2;
- (p) contracts designated by regulations made under section 3.",

and

- (c) by substituting "agreement;" for "agreement." in the definition of "party" and inserting the following after that definition:
 - "'reference item or index' means a reference item, rate or index relating to one or more of the following:
 - (a) interest;
 - (b) currencies;
 - (c) securities (including equities);
 - (d) commodities (including precious metals);
 - (e) weather;
 - (f) carbon or other emissions allowances;
 - (g) bandwidth;
 - (h) freight;
 - (i) energy (including energy sources such as electricity, oil, oilrelated products, coal and gas);
 - (j) credit risk on any entity or asset;
 - (k) statistical data on economic conditions or any measure of economic risk or value;
 - (I) market loss;
 - (m) natural catastrophes;
 - (n) real property;
 - (o) renewable energy credits;
 - (p) regulatory licences or quotas;

(q) any factor not otherwise encompassed by paragraphs (a) to (p) which may impact on the business of an entity, regardless of whether it affects the business of a party to the relevant derivative.".

Amendments to Investment Intermediaries Act 1995.

- 11.— Section 52 of the Investment Intermediaries Act 1995 (as amended by the Investor Compensation Act 1998) is amended—
 - (a) in subsection (2)(c) and (d), by deleting ", controlled" in each of the 2 places in which it appears,
 - (b) in subsection (7)(a), (b) and (c) by deleting ", controlled" in each of the 3 places in which it appears, and
 - (c) by inserting the following after subsection (9):
 - "(10) For the purposes of this section, an investment business firm is deemed to hold client money where—
 - (a) the money has been lodged on behalf of a client of the firm to an account with a credit institution or relevant party in the name of the firm or of any nominee of the firm, and
 - (b) the firm has the capacity to effect transactions on that account.
 - (11) For the purposes of this section, an investment business firm is deemed to hold client investment instruments where the firm—
 - (a) has been entrusted by or on account of a client with those instruments, and
 - (b) either—
 - (i) holds those instruments, including by way of holding documents of title to them, or
 - (ii) entrusts those instruments to any nominee,
 - and the firm has the capacity to effect transactions in respect of those instruments.
 - (12) In this section-
 - (a) 'nominee' means a person acting on behalf of an investment business firm as nominee, custodian, or otherwise, and includes an eligible custodian and a nominee company, and
 - (b) 'relevant party' means an exchange, clearing house, intermediate broker, OTC counterparty or investment business firm.".

Amendments to Insurance (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1985.

- 12.— The Insurance (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1985 is amended—
 - (a) by inserting the following before section 4:
 - "Minister's discretion to wind up Company.
 - 3A.— (1) If the Minister thinks fit, the Minister may arrange for and require—
 - (a) that the shares held by the Company in Icarom plc (under administration) be transferred to the Minister, and
 - (b) the winding up in accordance with the Companies Acts 1963 to 2006 of the Company.

- (2) Shares transferred to the Minister under subsection (1) vest in the Minister.
- (3) Any assets of the Company remaining after the winding up of the Company shall be paid into or disposed of for the benefit of the Exchequer.";

(b) by substituting the following for section 11:

"Obligation of shareholders to hold shares in trust for Minister.

- 11.— (1) Every member of the Company shall hold the member's shares in the Company upon trust for the Minister and shall accordingly be bound to—
 - (a) pay every dividend and other money received by the member in respect of the shares to the Minister for the benefit of the Exchequer, and
 - (b) transfer the shares to the Minister as and when required by the Minister.
- (2) If the Minister thinks fit, the Minister may arrange for and require a person who holds shares in a company controlled by the Company, and who holds the shares upon trust for the Minister, to transfer the shares to the Minister, as and when required by the Minister.
- (3) Shares transferred to the Minister under subsection (1) or (2) vest in the Minister.".

Amendments to Central Bank Act 1942.

- 13.— The Central Bank Act 1942 is amended—
 - (a) in section 33AK(5)(ak) by substituting "functions, or" for "functions.",
 - (b) by inserting the following after subsection (5)(ak):
 - "(al) to the Agency, if the confidential information is required for the performance of the Agency's functions.",
 - (c) in section 33N(1), by substituting "2 months" for "3 months",
 - (d) in section 57BO, by substituting the following for subsection (4):
 - "(4) For the purposes of this section, 'bureau staff member' includes the Financial Services Ombudsman, each of the Deputy Financial Services Ombudsmen and each of the members of the Financial Services Ombudsman Council.",
 - (e) in section 57BZ, by substituting the following for subsection (4):
 - "(4) As soon as practicable after deciding not to investigate a complaint, or to discontinue an investigation of a complaint, the Financial Services Ombudsman shall inform the complainant in writing of the decision and the reasons for the decision.".
 - (f) by substituting the following for paragraph 2 of Schedule 3:
- "2. (1) In this paragraph—
 - (a) 'first anniversary' means 1 May 2008, and
 - (b) 'subsequent anniversary' means 1 May of each subsequent year.
- (2) Appointed members hold office for an indefinite period up to a maximum of 15 years.

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- (3) However, the Regulatory Authority may make rules of procedure under paragraph 8(2) of this Schedule for the purpose of determining terms of office of the members and of securing that on, or in,
 - (a) the years prior to the first anniversary, or
 - (b) the year prior to each subsequent anniversary date,

not less than 2 of the appointed members shall have ceased to hold office by virtue either of this paragraph or paragraph 5(2)(a) to (k) of this Schedule.

- (4) If, in the years prior to the first anniversary or the year prior to each subsequent anniversary,
 - (a) no appointed member ceases to hold office under paragraph 5(2)(a) to (k) of this Schedule, then the terms of office of 2 appointed members must be completed on that anniversary,
 - (b) one appointed member ceases to hold office under paragraph 5(2)(a) to (k)of this Schedule, then the term of office of one other appointed member must be completed on that anniversary, or
 - (c) 2 or more appointed members cease to hold office under paragraph 5(2)(a)to (k) of this Schedule, then the term of office of no other appointed member must be completed on that anniversary.
- (5) Which (if any) of the appointed members is or are to retire under this paragraph is to be determined as provided by the rules of procedure made by the Regulatory Authority pursuant to paragraph 8(2) of this Schedule.
 - (6) Appointed members who—
 - (a) are required to retire under the rules of procedure made under paragraph 8(2) of this Schedule, or
 - (b) cease to hold office under paragraph 5(2)(c), (e), (f) or (g) of this Schedule,

are eligible for re-appointment.

(7) However, a person who retires after having served as an appointed member for 15 years is not eligible for reappointment.".

Amendments to National Treasury amended— Management Agency (Amendment) Act 2000.

- 14.— The National Treasury Management Agency (Amendment) Act 2000 is
 - (a) in section 18, in the definition of 'designated body', by substituting the following for paragraph (c):
 - "(c) the Health Service Executive established by section 6(1) of the Health Act 2004,",
 - (b) in section 18, in the definition of 'designated body', by substituting the following for paragraph (e):
 - "(e) a body specified in Schedule 4 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997,",
 - (c) in section 18, in the definition of 'designated body', by inserting the following after paragraph (e):
 - "(ea) the Courts Service,
 - (eb) a university within the meaning of the Universities Act 1997, other than Trinity College and the University of Dublin,

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- (ec) the Dublin Institute of Technology,
- (ed) a college within the meaning of section 2 of the Regional Technical Colleges Act 1992,
- (ee) the Railway Procurement Agency, and
- (ef) the Housing Finance Agency plc.",
- (d) in section 22, by inserting the following after subsection (1):
 - "(1A) The Minister-
 - (a) may engage in transactions of a normal banking nature in connection with the exercise of the powers in subsection (1),
 - (b) for the purposes of those transactions, may issue such funds from the Exchequer as he or she considers appropriate.
 - (1B) All expenses and other costs incurred by the Minister or the Agency, as appropriate, in connection with or arising out of those transactions shall be charged on the Central Fund.",
- (e) in section 22, by substituting "subsections (1) and (1A)" for "subsection (1)" in subsection (2), and
- (f) in Part 3, by inserting the following after section 25:

"Agency may procure foreign currency for Government Minister or designated body.

- 25A.— (1) Subject to first receiving the consent of the Minister for Finance, a Minister of the Government or a designated body may request the Agency to procure for that Minister of the Government or designated body, as the case may be, foreign currency on terms and conditions agreed between-
 - (a) the Agency, and
 - (b) that Minister of Government or designated body.
- (2) The Agency has all the powers necessary for it to comply with a request made under subsection (1).
- (3) The Agency, in connection with the performance of its functions under subsection (1), may-
 - (a) pay into any foreign currency clearing account created by the Minister for Finance under section 139 of the Finance Act 1993 the proceeds of any transaction denominated in a currency other than the currency of the State, and
 - (b) apply any amounts standing to the credit of any foreign currency clearing account towards the discharging of payment obligations arising under any transaction in connection with the performance of its functions under subsection (1).".

Amendments to Finance Act 1993.

- 15. Section 138(1) of the Finance Act 1993 is amended -
 - (a) in section 138(1), by inserting the following after paragraph (c):
 - "(ca) The Minister—

- (i) may engage in transactions of a normal banking nature in connection with the exercise of the powers in subsection (1)(a), (b) and (c), and
- (ii) for the purposes of those transactions, may issue such funds from the Exchequer as he or she considers appropriate.
- (cb) All the expenses and other costs incurred by the Minister in connection with or arising out of those transactions shall be charged on the Central Fund.",

and

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- (b) in section 139 by inserting the following after subsection (11):
 - "(12) The National Treasury Management Agency, in connection with the discharge of any of its functions, may-
 - (a) pay into any foreign currency clearing account the proceeds of any transaction denominated in a currency other than the currency of the State, and
 - (b) apply any amounts standing to the credit of any foreign currency clearing account towards the discharging of payment obligations arising in connection with the discharge of any of its functions.".

Amendments to Ministerial and **Parliamentary** Offices Act 1938.

- 16.— The Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Act 1938 (as amended by the Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1992 and by the Ministerial, Parliamentary and Judicial Offices and Oireachtas Members (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2001) is amended—
 - (a) in section 13A(7)(a)(i), by inserting "subject to subsection (9)," before "in case",
 - (b) in section 13A by inserting the following after subsection (8):
 - "(9) On application for a pension under this section to the Minister for Finance, by a person whose entitlement to the pension arose on or after the date of commencement of this section, the pension is payable as of and from a date that the Minister for Finance may determine in writing that is—
 - (a) not earlier than the date of entitlement, and
 - (b) not later than the date of the application.",
 - (c) in section 13AA(1), by substituting the following for paragraphs (a) and (b):
 - "(a) the person has completed not less than 2 years of ministerial service but is not entitled to a ministerial pension under section 13A, or
 - (b) the person has completed not less than 2 years of secretarial service but is not entitled to a secretarial pension under section 13A.",

and

- (d) in section 13AA(4), by substituting "(but less than 8)" for "(but less than 3)",
- (e) in section 13B, by re-numbering subsection (5)(a)(iii) as subsection (5)(a)(iv) and by inserting the following after subsection (5)(a)(ii):

"(iii) in the case of a person—

- (I) whose original pension is a secretarial pension, and
- (II) who, on ceasing to hold a qualifying office after the operative date, has served in a ministerial office for at least 2 but less than 3 years,

an amount equal to the difference between—

- (A) the amount of the ministerial pension which would then be payable to the person if such person was a minister, calculated in accordance with section 13AA of the 1938 Act, and
- (B) the amount of the person's original pension.",
- (f) in section 13B(5)(a)(iv), by inserting "or (iii)" after "subparagraph (ii)", and
- (g) in section 13B(5)(b)(ii), by substituting "subparagraph (iv)" for "subparagraph (iii)".

Amendment to section 35 of Credit Union Act 1997.

17.— Section 35 of the Credit Union Act 1997 is amended by substituting the following for subsection (2):

- "(2) A credit union shall not make a loan to a member—
 - (a) for a period exceeding 5 years if, were the loan to be made, the total gross amount outstanding in respect of all loans with greater than 5 years to the final repayment date would then exceed 20 per cent of the total gross loan book balance outstanding at that time in respect of all loans made by the credit union, or 40 per cent of the total gross loan book balance outstanding at that time in respect of all loans made by the credit union where written approval is received from the Bank,
 - (b) for a period exceeding 10 years if, were the loan to be made, the total gross amount outstanding in respect of all loans with greater than 10 years to the final repayment date would then exceed 10 per cent of the total gross loan book balance outstanding at that time in respect of all loans made by the credit union, or 15 per cent of the total gross loan book balance outstanding at that time in respect of all loans made by the credit union where written approval is received from the Bank, or
 - (c) in the circumstances specified in subsection (3),

and, for the purposes of this subsection, the 'final repayment date' for a loan shall be-

- (i) the date on which the loan is due to expire, as indicated on the relevant credit agreement in accordance with section 37C(1)(j),
- (ii) any subsequent date agreed between the credit union and the member to whom the loan has been made.".

Amendment of Insurance Act 1936 and certain statutory regulations.

- 18.— (1) The Insurance Act 1936 is amended by repealing sections 9 and 10.
- (2) The European Communities (Non-Life Insurance) Regulations 1976 (S.I. 115 of 1976) are consequentially amended by revoking paragraph (5) of Regulation 4.

(3) The European Communities (Life Assurance) Regulations 1984 (S.I. 57 of 1984) are consequentially amended by revoking paragraph (4) of Regulation 4.

Amendment of Central Bank Act 1997.

- 19.— The Central Bank Act 1997 is amended—
 - (a) in section 28, by adding the following definitions:
 - "'credit' means a cash loan (whether or not provided on the security of a mortgage or charge over an estate or interest in land), but does not include credit of a class specified in section 3(2) of the Consumer Credit Act 1995;

'home reversion agreement' means an agreement between a vendor and a home reversion firm that provides—

- (a) for the conveyance by the vendor to the home reversion firm of an estate or interest in land (which includes the principal residence of the vendor or of the vendor's dependants) for a discounted sum or an income (or both), and
- (b) for the vendor to retain the right to live in the residence until the occurrence of one or more events specified in the agreement;

'home reversion firm' means a person carrying on a business of entering into home reversion agreements;";

- (b) in section 28, by substituting the following definition for the definition of "regulated business":
 - "'regulated business' means a bureau de change business, a money transmission business, a home reversion firm or a retail credit firm;";
- (c) in section 28, by inserting the following definitions after the definition of "regulated business" (as substituted by paragraph (b)):

"'regulated financial service provider' has the same meaning as in section 2 of the Central Bank Act 1942;

'relevant person' means a natural person within the State, other than—

- (a) a natural person who is, or satisfies the criteria to elect to be treated as, a professional client for the purposes of the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 60 of 2007), or
- (b) a person who is a regulated financial service provider;

'retail credit firm' means a person prescribed for the purpose of paragraph (g) of the definition of 'credit institution' in section 3 of the Consumer Credit Act 1995, or any other person who holds itself out as carrying on a business of, and whose business consists wholly or partly of, providing credit directly to relevant persons, but does not include—

- (a) a person who is a regulated financial service provider, or
- (b) a person who is an authorised credit intermediary under Part XI of the Consumer Credit Act 1995, or
- (c) in relation to credit that was originally provided by another person, a person to whom all or any part of that other person's interest in the credit is directly or indirectly assigned or otherwise disposed of, or

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- (d) a person who provides credit on a once only or occasional basis, but only if the provision of the credit does not involve a representation, or create an impression (whether in advertising, marketing or otherwise), that the credit would be offered to other persons on the same or substantially similar terms, or
- (e) a person who is exempted, or who belongs to a class of persons that is exempted, under section 29A from being required to hold an authorisation as a retail credit firm;";
- (d) immediately before section 29, by substituting for the Chapter heading the following:

"CHAPTER 2

Carrying on regulated business without authorisation prohibited";

(e) in Chapter 2, by inserting the following section after section 29:

"Power of Bank to exempt certain persons from being required to hold authorisation as a retail credit firm.

- 29A.— (1) The Bank may exempt a person from being required to hold an authorisation as a retail credit firm in relation to the provision of credit if, in the opinion of the Bank—
 - (a) the total amount or value of the credit that is to be provided by the person is such that it is reasonable to assume that the borrower will be in a position to negotiate on equal terms or to obtain appropriate legal and financial advice, or
 - (b) the person is one who, under section 8(2) of the Central Bank Act 1971, is exempted, or is a member of a class of persons that is exempted, from being required to hold a banking licence, or
 - (c) the person is one who provides credit solely for charitable or public purposes and at a rate of interest or on other terms more favourable than those that are currently available commercially,

and the exemption would not be inconsistent with the proper and orderly regulation of the provision of credit and the protection of customers of retail credit firms.

- (2) The Bank may also exempt the persons belonging to a specified class of persons from being required to hold an authorisation as a retail credit firm in relation to the provision of credit if, in the opinion of the Bank—
 - (a) the total amount or value of the credit that is to be provided by those persons is such that it is reasonable to assume that borrowers from those persons will be in a position to negotiate on equal terms or to obtain appropriate legal and financial advice, or
 - (b) the persons are ones who, under section 8(2) of the Central Bank Act 1971, are exempted, or belong to a class of persons that is exempted, from being required to hold a banking licence, or
 - (c) the persons are ones who provide credit solely for charitable or public purposes and at a rate of interest or on other terms

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more favourable than those that are currently available commercially,

and the exemption would not be inconsistent with the proper and orderly regulation of the provision of credit and the protection of customers of retail credit firms.

- (3) The power to exempt a person, or the persons belonging to a specified class, from being required to hold an authorisation as a retail credit firm may be exercised by the Bank either on its own initiative or on an application made by or on behalf of the person, or the persons or any of the persons belonging to that class.
- (4) An exemption granted under this section is subject to such conditions as the Bank thinks fit to impose.
 - (5) The Bank may at any time by notice in writing—
 - (a) impose additional conditions on a person to whom, or on the persons belonging to a class in respect of which, an exemption has been granted under this section, or
 - (b) vary or revoke a condition imposed under subsection (4) or this subsection.
- (6) The Bank shall revoke an exemption granted under this section if it is satisfied -
 - (a) that the circumstances relevant to the exemption have changed and are now such that the exemption would no longer be granted, or
 - (b) that a condition of the exemption is not being, or has not been, substantially complied with.
- (7) The Bank shall publish in Iris Oifigiúil a notice of every exemption granted, and every revocation made, under this section.
- (8) Failure to comply with subsection (7) does not affect the validity of an exemption granted, or a revocation made, under this section.
- (9) Section 29(1) does not apply to a person who, or a person belonging to a class of persons that, is exempted under this section so long as the person—
 - (a) does not carry on any kind of regulated business other than that to which the exemption relates, and
 - (b) complies with all conditions subject to which the exemption is granted.";
- (f) by inserting the following section after section 31:

"Provisions supplementary to section 31 applicable to retail credit and home reversion firms.

- 31A.— For the purposes of section 31(2)(b), in order to obtain and retain authorisation, a retail credit firm or home reversion firm shall satisfy the Bank—
 - (a) that, where applicable, the memorandum and articles of association of the firm will enable it to operate in accordance with this Act, and any condition or requirement that the Bank may impose,
 - (b) as to the probity and competence of each of the firm's directors and managers,

- (c) as to the suitability of each of the firm's qualifying shareholders or partners,
- (d) as to the organisational structure and management skills of the firm and that adequate levels of staff and expertise will be employed to carry out its activities,
- (e) that the firm has and will follow procedures that will enable the Bank to be supplied with all information necessary for the performance of the Bank's supervisory functions and to enable the public to be supplied with information that the Bank specifies,
- (f) that the organisation of the firm's business structure is such that it, and any of its associated or related undertakings, (so far as appropriate and practicable) are capable of being supervised adequately by the Bank, and
- (g) as to the conduct of the firm's business, financial resources and any other matters that the Bank considers necessary in the interests of the proper and orderly regulation and supervision of authorised firms or in the interests of the protection of customers or potential customers.";
- (g) by inserting the following section after section 32:

"Additional provisions applicable to retail credit and home reversion firms.

- 32A.— (1) An authorisation granted by the Bank under section 31 to a retail credit or home reversion firm may specify classes of services, and additional services, that the firm may provide.
- (2) An authorisation granted by the Bank under section 31 of this Act to a retail credit firm may include an authorisation to act as a home reversion firm.
 - (3) The Bank may amend—
 - (a) the classes of retail credit services or other services that may be provided in accordance with subsections (1) or (2), or
 - (b) the designation or classification of firms or services.
- (4) For the purposes of subsections (1) to (3), the Bank may use such designation or classification of firms or services as the Bank considers appropriate to describe the services provided.
- (5) At any time before granting or refusing an authorisation to a firm, the Bank may—
 - (a) request such further information from the firm, or
 - (b) instruct an authorised officer to make such inquiries, or carry out such investigations,

as it considers necessary for the purpose of properly evaluating an application. Any such inquiries or investigations shall be carried out in accordance with this Act.

- (6) In the case of a retail credit or home reversion firm authorised in another EEA Country, the Bank—
 - (a) shall have regard to any requirements imposed on the firm by an authority of that country that appears to the Bank to exercise a regulatory or supervisory role similar to that of the Bank in relation to the firm, and

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- (b) may exchange with that authority information relevant to the carrying out of the Bank's functions under this Act or the functions of that authority under the laws of that country.";
- (h) by inserting the following section after section 33:

"Imposition of conditions or requirements on authorised retail credit firms and home reversion firms.

- 33A.— (1) Without limiting section 33, the Bank may do all or any of the following in respect of an authorised retail credit firm or an authorised home reversion firm:
 - (a) make the firm's authorisation subject to such conditions or requirements, or both, as it considers appropriate, relating to—
 - (i) the proper and orderly regulation and supervision of retail credit firms or authorised home reversion firms, and
 - (ii) the protection of their customers or potential customers;
 - (b) impose conditions or requirements, or both, relating to the affairs or activities in an associated undertaking or a related undertaking;
 - (c) require the display on a credit agreement or home reversion agreement, or on any other relevant document, of a notice in a form provided or prescribed by the Bank of any information relevant to the agreement;
 - (d) at any time, impose conditions or requirements, or both, on an authorised firm and either amend or revoke any condition or requirement imposed under this paragraph or under paragraph (a), (b) or (c).
- (2) A condition or requirement referred to in subsection (1) may be imposed in relation to any or all of the following:
 - (a) an authorised firm;
 - (b) all authorised firms;
 - (c) a class or classes of authorised firms;
 - (d) a specified period of time or times;
 - (e) an associated undertaking or related undertaking;
 - (f) such matters relating to the proper and orderly regulation and supervision of authorised firms, and the protection of their customers or potential customers, as the Bank considers appropriate.
- (3) Without limiting subsections (1) and (2), the Bank may impose conditions or requirements on an authorised firm, or a class of authorised firms concerning—
 - (a) the level of training, qualifications or professional competence of managers, officers or employees,
 - (b) the provision of information to the Bank or to a person specified by the Bank, and
 - (c) the application of a prescribed code of practice relating to—

- (i) regulated financial service providers within the meaning of the Central Bank Act 1942, or
- (ii) a class of regulated financial service providers whose business appears to be comparable to that of an authorised firm or a class of authorised firms.";
- (i) by inserting the following section after section 34B:

"Transitional provisions.

- 34C.— (1) Despite section 29, a person carrying on the business of a retail credit firm, or a home reversion firm, immediately before the commencement of Part 2 of the Markets in Financial Instruments and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2007 is taken to be authorised as a regulated business until the Bank has granted or refused authorisation to the person, provided the person applies to the Bank under section 30 for authorisation no later than 3 months after that commencement
- (2) If a person is taken to be authorised as a regulated business under subsection (1), the Bank may do either or both of the following:
 - (a) impose on that person such conditions or requirements or both as the Bank considers appropriate relating to the proper and orderly regulation and supervision of a regulated business;
 - (b) direct that person not to carry on the business of a retail credit firm, or the business of a home reversion firm, for such period (not exceeding 3 months) as is specified in the direction.
- (3) A condition or requirement imposed, or a direction given, under this section is an appealable decision for the purposes of Part VIIA of the Central Bank Act 1942.".

Amendment of Freedom of Information Act 1997

- 20. The Freedom of Information Act 1997 is amended by inserting in Part 1 of the Third Schedule-
 - (a) in column (2), "Ordnance Survey Ireland Act 2001",
 - (b) in column (1), opposite the reference to the Ordnance Survey Ireland Act 2001, "No. 43 of 2001", and
 - (c) in column (3), opposite the reference to the Ordnance Survey Ireland Act 2001, "Section 23".

Revocation of Credit Union Act 1997 (Alteration of Financial Limits) Regulations 2007.

21.— The Credit Union Act 1997 (Alteration of Financial Limits) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 193 of 2007) are revoked.

Amendment of Investor Compensation Act 1998.

- 22. The Investor Compensation Act 1998 is amended—
 - (a) in the definition of "authorised investment firm" in section 2(1), by substituting the following for paragraph (b):
 - "(b) an authorised investment firm as defined in the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 60 of 2007), or",
 - (b) in section 2(1), by deleting the definition of "authorised member firm";

- (c) in section 2(1), by substituting the following for the definition of "client":
 - " 'client' means a person-
 - (a) to whom an investment firm provides investment business services, or
 - (b) who has entrusted money or investment instruments to an investment firm in connection with the provision of investment business services by the firm;";
- (d) in section 2(1), by substituting the following for the definition of "insurance intermediary":
 - " 'insurance intermediary' means a registered insurance intermediary within the meaning of the European Communities (Insurance Mediation) Regulations 2005, but does not include a solicitor who—
 - (a) has a valid practising certificate issued under the Solicitors Acts 1954 to 1994, and
 - (b) carries on the relevant activities only incidentally to the legal services he or she provides;";
- (e) in section 2(1), by substituting the following for the definition of "investment business services":
 - " 'investment business services' has the meaning given by the Act of 1995, and includes—
 - (a) investment services as defined in the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007, and
 - (b) the activities of an insurance intermediary;";
- (f) in the definition of "investment firm" in section 2(1), by substituting the following paragraphs for paragraph (b):
 - "(b) an authorised investment firm as defined in the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007.
 - (ba) a person who was formerly an authorised investment firm and whose authorisation has been revoked.":
- (g) in section 2(1), by substituting the following definition for the definition of "investment instruments":
 - "'investment instruments' has the meaning given by the Act of 1995, and includes instruments of the kind listed in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007;";
- (h) by adding the following definition after the definition of "joint investment business":
 - " 'liquidation proceeding' includes—
 - (a) a compulsory or court liquidation under the Companies Acts,
 - (b) a creditor's voluntary liquidation under the Companies Acts,
 - (c) any receivership or analogous process,
 - (d) bankruptcy proceedings under the Bankruptcy Act 1988, and

- (e) any scheme of arrangement in consequence of the appointment of an examiner;";
- (i) in section 2(1), by deleting the definition of "member firm";
- (j) by inserting the following definition after the definition of "local authority":
 - "'Markets in Financial Instruments Directive' means Directive 2004/39/EC of 21 April 2004;";
- (k) in section 2(1), by substituting the following for the definition of "professional investor":
 - "'professional client' has the meaning given by the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007;";
- (/) in section 2(1), by substituting the following for the definition of "ruling":
 - " 'ruling' means a Court decision that—
 - (a) is made in relation to an investment firm for reasons directly related to the financial circumstances of the firm, and
 - (b) precludes clients of the firm from pursuing claims against the firm for—
 - (i) the return of money owed, or belonging to, the client, and held on behalf of the client by the firm in connection with the provision of investment business services, and
 - (ii) the return of investment instruments belonging to the client and held, administered or managed by the firm on behalf of the client in connection with the firm's provision to the client of those services,
 - but does not include a Court decision made under the Companies Acts appointing an examiner or provisional liquidator;";
- (m) in section 2, by adding the following subsection after subsection (1):
 - "(1A) For the purpose of paragraph (b) of the definition of 'ruling' in subsection (1), an investment firm is taken, in the circumstances described in section 52(10) of the Act of 1995, to hold client money and investment instruments.";
- (n) in section 2(5)(b), by substituting "the administration of" for "administering";
- (o) in section 9(4), by substituting the following paragraph for paragraph (b):
 - "(b) in relation to investment firms, an authorised officer, or an inspector, appointed under the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007;";
- (p) in section 20, by substituting the following for subsection (4):
 - "(4) The Company is not responsible for expenses that an administrator of an investment firm incurs in respect of functions that the administrator performs contemporaneously with functions that the administrator performs as liquidator, receiver or trustee in bankruptcy of the firm, even though those functions may also relate to the performance of functions as administrator of the firm.";
- (q) in section 21(3), by substituting the following for paragraph (b):
 - "(b) despite paragraph (a), the Company may, when specifying rates, or amounts of contributions, or bases, for the calculation of contributions for investment firms, take account of any

money, or investment instruments, entrusted to those firms (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) in connection with the provision by those firms of investment business services to the client.";

- (r) in section 24, by substituting "and by clients" for "and by investors";
- (s) in section 25(6)(d), by substituting "compensation for eligible investors" for "compensation for investors";
- (t) in section 28 by substituting the following for subsection (7):
 - "(7) The supervisory authority, in accordance with the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007, may revoke the authorisation of an investment firm that under those Regulations is an authorised investment firm, if the firm does not comply with a direction given under section 27.";
- (u) in section 28(8), by substituting "the provision of investment business services and shall" for "the provision of investment services listed in the Annex to the Investment Services Directive and shall";
- (v) In section 28, by adding the following after subsection (9):
 - "(9A) The supervisory authority, in accordance with the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2003, may revoke the authorisation of an investment firm that, under those Regulations, is a management company authorised to undertake the services referred to in Regulation 16(3) of those Regulations, if the firm does not comply with a direction given to it under section 27.";
- (w) in section 28(10), by substituting "shall not give less than" for "shall not give less that":
- (x) in section 29(5), by substituting "to which section 28(9) applies" for "to which section 28(6)(d) applies";
- (y) in section 30(1) by substituting the following for the definition of "compensatable loss":
 - " 'compensatable loss' means 90 per cent of the amount of an eligible investor's net loss or €20,000, whichever is the lesser;";
- (z) in section 30(1) by substituting the following for paragraph (b) of the definition of "net loss":
 - "(b) investment instruments belonging to a client of the investment firm, and held, administered or managed by that firm for the client, in connection with the provision of investment business services by that firm to the client, the value of those instruments being determined, so far as possible, by reference to their market value,".

Further amendment of Investor Compensation Act 1998.

- 23.— The Investor Compensation Act 1998 is further amended—
 - (a) in each of subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of section 30(2)(c), by substituting "the provision of investment business services" for "the provision of investment services";
 - (b) in section 30, by adding the following subsection:
 - "(5) An investment firm is, in the circumstances described in section 52(10) of the Act of 1995, taken to hold client money and investment instruments.";

- (c) in section 32(2), by substituting "a client" for "an investor";
- (d) in section 32, by inserting the following subsection after subsection (2):
 - "(2A) A client may appeal to the Irish Financial Services Appeals Tribunal against a decision of the supervisory authority under subsection (2) not to treat the application as if it were made within the stipulated period.";
- (e) in section 32(4), by substituting "a client" for "an individual";
- (f) in section 33, by substituting the following for subsection (2):
 - "(2) On being appointed as administrator to an investment firm under subsection (1)
 - (a) the administrator has, in relation to the firm, all the powers of an authorised officer under the Act of 1995 and the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007, and
 - (b) the powers available to an authorised officer under that Act and those Regulations apply in relation to the firm accordingly.";
- (g) in section 33(3), by substituting "those eligible investors" for "those investors";
- (h) in section 33(3A), by substituting "those eligible investors" for "those investors";
- (i) by substituting the following section for section 33A:

"Court to appoint liquidator, etc. of investment firm as firm's administrator in certain circumstances.

- 33A.— The Court shall, on appointing a liquidator, receiver, the official assignee or a trustee in Bankruptcy in respect of an investment firm, also appoint the liquidator, receiver, official assignee or trustee as administrator of the firm, unless the supervisory authority, with the agreement of the Company, otherwise requests.";
- (j) in section 34(3) by substituting "the eligible investor" for "the investor";
- (k) in section 34(6) by substituting "the Company shall endeavour insofar as possible" for "the Company shall endeavour";
- (1) in section 35, by deleting subsection (4);
- (m) in section 35(5A), by substituting "the claim of the eligible investor" for "the claim of the investor";
- (n) in section 35(6), by substituting "the Act of 1995, section 47 of the Act of 1989 or the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007" for "the Act of 1995 or section 47 of the Act of 1989";
- (o) in section 35(6A), by substituting "the claim of the eligible investor" for "the claim of the investor";
- (p) in section 35(8), by substituting "money belonging to a client and held by an investment firm (being a credit institution) in connection with the provision of investment business services" for "monies belonging to an investor and held by an investment firm which is a credit institution in connection with investment business":
- (q) in the definition of 'RAV' in section 36(1), by substituting "client" for "investor", where secondly appearing;

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- (r) in section 38(1), by substituting "clients" for "investors";
- (s) in section 38(2), by substituting "Markets in Financial Instruments Directive" for "Investment Services Directive";
- (t) in section 38(3), by substituting "entrusted to" for "placed with";
- (u) in section 39(1), by substituting "the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive" for "Article 17 of the Investment Services Directive";
- (v) in the definition of "client" in section 40(1), by substituting "the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive" for "Article 17 of the Investment Services Directive":
- (w) in section 40(1), by substituting the following definition for the definition of "investment firm":
 - "'investment firm' means an investment firm authorised in another Member State for the purposes of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive;";
- (x) in section 40, by substituting the following subsections for subsection (2):
 - "(2) As soon as practicable after—
 - (a) becoming authorised in another Member State for the purposes of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive, and
 - (b) establishing a branch in the State in accordance with that Directive,

an investment firm may, by giving notice in writing to the Company, exercise the option of participating in investor compensation arrangements in the State in accordance with Article 7.1 of the Investor Compensation Directive. On giving such a notice, the firm becomes an investment firm for the purposes of this Act, subject only to the exceptions specified by this section.";

(y) in section 42(3), by substituting "investor compensation scheme approved under section 25" for "investor compensation scheme under this Act".

Amendment of section 2(1) of National Pensions Reserve Fund Act 2000.

24.— Section 2(1) of the National Pensions Reserve Fund Act 2000 is amended by substituting the following definition for the definition of "Gross National Product":

"'Gross National Product' means, for the year in which payments are made to the Fund under section 18, the estimate (as corresponding in its composition to the definition of gross national product at market prices in use by the Central Statistics Office) of gross national product at market prices for that year published by the Minister with the Budget;".

Amendment of Ordnance Survey Ireland Act 2001.

- 25.— The Ordnance Survey Ireland Act 2001 is amended as follows—
 - (a) in section 1(1), by substituting the following for the definition of "Minister":
 - "'Minister' means the Minister for Communications, Energy and Natural Resources;";
 - (b) in each of subsections (1) and (2) of section 6, by adding "with the consent of the Minister for Finance" after "The Minister may";
 - (c) in each of sections 7(1), 8 and 9(1), by adding "and the Minister for Finance" after "the consent of the Minister";
 - (d) in section 9(2), by adding "and the Minister for Finance" after "the Minister";

- (e) in each of paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 11(8), by adding "with the consent of the Minister for Finance" after "the Minister";
- (f) in section 14(8), by adding "and the Minister for Finance" after "the Minister" in the first place in which it occurs;
- (g) in section 14(11), by adding "with the consent of the Minister for Finance" after "the Minister";
- (h) in section 15(1), by adding "for Finance" after "the Minister";
- (i) in each of the following: section 15(3); paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 15(4); the second reference to Minister in section 17(4); and section 17(6), by adding "and the Minister for Finance" after "the Minister";
- (j) in section 17(5), by substituting "who shall refer the dispute to the Minister for Finance" for "whose decision shall be final";
- (k) in section 24, by adding "and to such extent as may be sanctioned by the Minister for Finance" after "moneys provided by the Oireachtas";
- (/) in section 25(5), by substituting "by the Minister with the consent of the Minister for Finance." for "by him or her.";
- (m) in section 28(2), by adding "and the Minister for Finance" after "the Minister";
- (n) in section 37, by adding ", to such extent as may be sanctioned by the Minister for Finance," after "shall".



Number 37 of 2007

MARKETS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS ACT 2007

REVISED

Updated to 29 October 2018

About this Revised Act

This Revised Act presents the text of the Act as it has been amended since enactment, and preserves the format in which it was first passed.

Related legislation

Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Acts 1938 to 2018: this Act is one of a group of Acts included in this collective citation, to be construed together as one (Companies (Statutory Audits) Act 2018 (22/2018), s. 1(4)). The Acts in this group are:

- Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Act 1938 (38/1938)
- Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1949 (21/1949)
- Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1952 (19/1952)
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1960 (12/1960), Part III
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1964 (14/1964), Part III
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1968 (22/1968), Part III
- Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Act 1972 (21/1972)
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1973 (22/1973), Part III
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial, Parliamentary and Judicial Offices (Amendment) Act 1977 (29/1977), Part III
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial, Parliamentary and Judicial Offices (Amendment) Act 1983 (32/1983), in so far as it amends the Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Acts 1938 to 1977
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1992 (3/1992), in so far as it amends the Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Acts 1938 to 1983
- Oireachtas (Miscellaneous Provisions) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices (Amendment) Act 1996 (39/1996), s. 5 and s. 7 (other than subs. (2))
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial, Parliamentary, Judicial and Court Offices (Amendment) Act 1998 (5/1998), in so far as it extends or amends the Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Acts 1938 to 1996
- Oireachtas (Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices) Act 2001 (30/2001)
- Public Service Superannuation (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2004 (7/2004), s. 11 and sch. 2 part 1

- Markets in Financial Instruments and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2007 (37/2007)
 s. 16
- Oireachtas (Allowances to Members) and Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices Act 2009 (29/2009), other than ss. 2 and 3
- Oireachtas (Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices) (Amendment) Act 2014 (6/2014)
- Companies (Statutory Audits) Act 2018 (22/2018), s. 69

Annotations

This Revised Act is not annotated and only shows textual amendments. An annotated version of this revision is also available which shows textual and non-textual amendments and their sources. It also shows editorial notes including statutory instruments made pursuant to the Act and previous affecting provisions.

Material not updated in this revision

Where other legislation is amended by this Act, those amendments may have been superseded by other amendments in other legislation, or the amended legislation may have been repealed or revoked. This information is not represented in this revision but will be reflected in a revision of the amended legislation if one is available. A list of legislative changes to any Act, and to statutory instruments from 1982, may be found linked from the page of the Act or statutory instrument at www.irishstatutebook.ie.