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*Number 1 of 2020*

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**HEALTH (PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION AND OTHER EMERGENCY MEASURES IN  
THE PUBLIC INTEREST) ACT 2020**

**REVISED**

**Updated to 21 June 2022**

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This Revised Act is an administrative consolidation of the *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*. It is prepared by the Law Reform Commission in accordance with its function under the *Law Reform Commission Act 1975* (3/1975) to keep the law under review and to undertake revision and consolidation of statute law.

All Acts up to and including the *Garda Síochána (Amendment) Act 2022* (10/2022), enacted 17 June 2022, and all statutory instruments up to and including the *Health (Preservation and Protection and Other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Part 2) (No. 2) Order 2022* (S.I. No. 301 of 2022), made 21 June 2022, were considered in the preparation of this Revised Act.

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*Number 1 of 2020*

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IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST) ACT 2020**

**REVISED**

**Updated to 21 June 2022**

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*Number 1 of 2020*

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**HEALTH (PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION AND OTHER EMERGENCY MEASURES  
IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST) ACT 2020**

**REVISED**

**Updated to 21 June 2022**

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An Act, to make exceptional provision, in the public interest and having regard to the manifest and grave risk to human life and public health posed by the spread of the disease known as Covid-19 and in order to mitigate, where practicable, the effect of the spread of the disease known as Covid-19, to amend the [Health Act 1947](#) to confer a power on the Minister for Health to make regulations prohibiting or restricting the holding of certain events or access to certain premises and to provide for enforcement measures; to provide for powers for certain medical officers of health to order, in certain circumstances, the detention of persons who are suspected to be potential sources of infection with the disease known as Covid-19 and to provide for enforcement measures in that regard; and to confer on the Minister for Health the power to designate areas as areas of infection of Covid-19 and to provide for related matters; to amend and extend the Social Welfare Acts to provide for amendments in relation to entitlement to illness benefit for persons who have been diagnosed with, or are a probable source of infection with the disease known as Covid-19; and to provide for amendments in relation to jobseeker's benefit and jobseeker's allowance to mitigate the economic effects of the spread of the disease known as Covid-19; and to provide for related matters.

[20th March, 2020]

WHEREAS an emergency has arisen of such character that it is necessary for compelling reasons of public interest and for the common good that extraordinary measures should be taken to deal with the immediate, exceptional and manifest risk to human life and public health posed by the spread of the disease known as Covid-19;

AND WHEREAS the State is and its citizens are, in significant respects, highly exposed to the effect of the spread of the disease known as Covid-19; and having regard to the constitutional duty of the State to respect and, as far as practicable, by its laws to defend and vindicate the rights of citizens to life and to bodily integrity, it is necessary to introduce a range of extraordinary measures and safeguards to prevent, minimise, limit or slow the risk of persons being infected with the disease known as Covid-19;

AND WHEREAS as a consequence it is necessary for the State to take the measures in this Act to address the emergency and to defend and vindicate the rights of citizens to life and to bodily integrity;

**Be it enacted by the Oireachtas as follows:**

**PART 1**

PRELIMINARY AND GENERAL

**Short title and construction**

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020.
- (2) The Social Welfare Acts and *Part 2* shall be construed together as one Act.

**Commencement and operation**

2. (1) The amendments effected by *sections 4, 5 and 6* shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 9th day of March 2020.
- (2) The amendments effected by *sections 7 and 8* shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 13th day of March 2020.
- (3) The amendments effected by—
  - (a) *Part 2*, subject to *subsection (4)*, continue in operation until the 9th day of May 2020, and
  - F1[(b) *Part 3*, continue in operation for the period beginning on the 10th day of February 2022 and ending on the later of—
    - (i) the 31st day of March 2022, or
    - (ii) the date that is specified in a resolution passed by each House of the Oireachtas under *subsection (6)*.]
- (4) The Government, at the request of the Minister for Employment Affairs and Social Protection following consultation with any other Minister of the Government as he or she considers appropriate having regard to the functions of that Minister of the Government, may where they are satisfied that it is in the public interest to do so, from time to time, by order declare that all or any of the amendments effected by *Part 2* shall continue in operation for such period or periods as may be specified in the order concerned.
- (5) An order under *subsection (4)* shall be laid before each House of the Oireachtas as soon as may be after it is made and, if a resolution annulling the order is passed by either such House within the next 21 days on which that House sits after the order is laid before it, the order shall be annulled accordingly, but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder.
- F1[(6) Each House of the Oireachtas may, before the 31st day of March 2022, pass a resolution to continue in operation the amendments effected by *Part 3* for such period, not exceeding 3 months, that ends on a date specified in the resolution.]

**Annotations**

**Amendments:**

- F1** Substituted (10.02.2022) by *Health and Criminal Justice (Covid-19) (Amendment) (No. 2) Act 2021* (46/2021), s. 1(a), (b), commenced as per s. 5(2).

**Editorial Notes:**

- E1** Power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (1.07.2022 to 30.09.2022) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and Other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Part 2) (No. 2) Order 2022* (S.I. No. 301 of 2022), in effect as per art. 2.
- E2** Power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (9.02.2022 to 30.06.2022) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Part 2) Order 2022* (S.I. No. 47 of 2022), in effect as per art. 2.
- E3** Power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (1.07.2021 to 8.02.2022) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Part 2) Order 2021* (S.I. No. 325 of 2021), in effect as per art. 2.
- E4** Previous affecting provision: subs. (3)(b), (6) substituted (10.06.2021) by *Health and Criminal Justice (Covid-19) (Amendment) Act 2021* (12/2021), s. 1(a), (b), commenced as per s. 5(2); substituted as per F-note above.
- E5** Previous affecting provision: power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (1.04.2021 to 30.06.2021) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Part 2) Order 2021* (S.I. No. 133 of 2021), in effect as per art. 2.
- E6** Previous affecting provision: power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (1.01.2021 to 31.03.2021) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 7 and 8 of Part 2) (No. 2) Order 2020* (S.I. No. 740 of 2020), in effect as per art. 2.
- E7** Previous affecting provision: power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (18.09.2020 to 31.12.2020) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 7 and 8 of Part 2) Order 2020* (S.I. No. 350 of 2020), in effect as per art. 2.
- E8** Previous affecting provision: power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (11.08.2020 to 17.09.2020, 31.03.2021, ) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Part 2) (No. 3) Order 2020* (S.I. No. 285 of 2020), in effect as per arts. 3, 4.
- E9** Previous affecting provision: power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (20.06.2020 to 20.08.2020) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Part 2) (No. 2) Order 2020* (S.I. No. 207 of 2020), art. 2.
- E10** Previous affecting provision: power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (9.05.2020 to 19.06.2020) by *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Part 2) Order 2020* (S.I. No. 155 of 2020), in effect as per art. 2.

**PART 2****AMENDMENTS TO SOCIAL WELFARE ACTS****Definition**

3. In this Part, “Act of 2005” means the [Social Welfare Consolidation Act 2005](#).

**Amendment of section 21 of Act of 2005**

4. Section 21 of the Act of 2005 is amended, in subsection (1)(e), by the substitution of “illness benefit granted to a person to whom section 40(7) applies, invalidity pension” for “invalidity pension”.

**Amendment of section 40 of Act of 2005**

5. Section 40 of the Act of 2005 is amended—

(a) in subsection (1), by the substitution of the following paragraph for paragraph (b):

“(b) he or she satisfies the contribution conditions in section 41 or such conditions as may be prescribed in accordance with regulations under section 40A.”,

and

(b) by the insertion of the following subsections after subsection (6):

“(7) Subject to subsection (8), this subsection applies to a person who is incapable of work, or is deemed to be incapable of work, by virtue of—

(a) being certified in the prescribed manner by a registered medical practitioner as being a person—

(i) who is diagnosed with Covid-19, or

(ii) who is a probable source of infection of Covid-19,

(b) having been notified, in the prescribed manner, by a medical officer of health or such other person as may be prescribed, that he or she is a probable source of infection of Covid-19,

(c) being deemed, in accordance with regulations under section 40A, to be a probable source of infection of Covid-19, or

(d) being a person in respect of whom an order under section 38A(1) of the [Health Act 1947](#) is in force.

(8) Notwithstanding subsection (7), the Minister may prescribe a category or categories of persons who, by virtue of the terms and conditions (expressed or implied) of their contract of employment, shall not be entitled to illness benefit in respect of absences from employment arising from their being a person to whom subsection (7) applies.

(9) Notwithstanding subsection (2), a person to whom subsection (7) applies shall be entitled to illness benefit on and from the first day of any period of incapacity, or deemed incapacity, for work.

(10) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, the Minister may, in respect of a person to whom subsection (7) applies, prescribe the minimum contribution conditions to be satisfied.

(11) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, in respect of a person to whom subsection (7) applies, the Minister may by regulations under section 40A vary the rate of illness benefit for such period as may be prescribed.

(12) In this section and section 40A, ‘Covid-19’ means a disease caused by infection with the virus SARS-CoV-2 and specified as an infectious disease in accordance with Regulation 6 of, and the Schedule to, the Infectious Diseases Regulations 1981 ([S.I. No. 390 of 1981](#)) or any variant of the disease so specified as an infectious disease in those Regulations.”.

**Regulations in respect of persons to whom section 40(7) applies**

6. The Act of 2005 is amended by the insertion of the following section after section 40:

**“40A.** (1) The Minister may, following consultation with the Minister for Health, with the consent of the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform, and having regard to the matters specified in subsection (2), make regulations for the purposes of giving full effect to the relevant provisions and such regulations may, in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, provide for all or any of the following:

- (a) the matters referred to as prescribed by the relevant provisions;
- (b) the procedure by which, and manner in which, a person is certified to be a relevant person;
- (c) notwithstanding the generality of paragraph (b), the procedure by which, and manner in which, a person is deemed to be a probable source of infection of Covid-19;
- (d) the requirements in relation to which, and the manner in which, a relevant person shall notify the Minister of the circumstances of his or her incapacity, or deemed incapacity, for work;
- (e) additional conditions for entitlement of a relevant person to illness benefit;
- (f) such additional, incidental, consequential or supplemental matters as the Minister considers necessary or expedient for the purposes of giving effect to the relevant provisions.

(2) When making regulations under this section, the Minister shall have regard to the following:

- (a) the nature and potential impact of Covid-19 on individuals, society and the State;
- (b) the capacity of the State to respond to the risk to public health posed by the spread of Covid-19;
- (c) the policies and objectives of the Government to protect the health and welfare of members of the public;
- (d) the need to ensure the most beneficial, effective and efficient use of resources;
- (e) the need to mitigate the economic effects of the spread of Covid-19;
- (f) in relation to regulations made for the purposes of section 40(7)(c), the impact of the requirement for certification on the availability of resources within the health services.

(3) In this section—

‘relevant person’ means a person to whom section 40(7) applies;

‘relevant provisions’ means subsections (7) to (12) of section 40.”.

**Amendment of section 62 of Act of 2005**

7. Section 62 of the Act of 2005 is amended by the substitution of the following subsection for subsection (4):

“(4) A person shall not, except as provided for by regulations made with the consent of the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform, be entitled to jobseeker’s benefit for the first 3 days of any period of interruption of employment.”.

**Amendment of section 141 of Act of 2005**

8. Section 141 of the Act of 2005 is amended in subsection (2) by the substitution of the following paragraph for paragraph (a):

“(a) A person shall not, except as provided for by regulations made with the consent of the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform, be entitled to jobseeker’s allowance for the first 3 days of unemployment in any continuous period of unemployment.”.

**PART 3**

**Amendment to Health Act 1947**

**Annotations**

**Modifications (not altering text):**

- C1** Application of Part extended from 10 November 2021 to 9 February 2022 by Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 1013 No. 3, 3 November 2021 - Extension of Part 3 of the *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion, and by Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 279 No. 11, 3 November 2021, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion.
- C2** Application of Part extended from 9 November 2020 to 9 June 2021 by Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 999 No. 7, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest Act) 2020* - Part 3: Motion, and by Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 272 No. 1, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020* - Part 3: Motion.

**Definition**

9. In this Part, “Act of 1947” means the [Health Act 1947](#).

**Annotations**

**Modifications (not altering text):**

- C3** Application of Part extended from 10 November 2021 to 9 February 2022 by Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 1013 No. 3, 3 November 2021 - Extension of Part 3 of the *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion, and by Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 279 No. 11, 3 November 2021, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion.
- C4** Application of section extended from 9 November 2020 to 9 June 2021 by Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 999 No. 7, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest Act) 2020* - Part 3: Motion, and by Resolution of Seanad



Éireann: Debates Volume 272 No. 1, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020* - Part 3: Motion.

#### **Amendment of Act of 1947**

**10.** The Act of 1947 is amended by the insertion of the following sections after section 31:

“ Regulations for preventing, limiting, minimising or slowing spread of Covid-19

**31A.** (1) The Minister may, having regard to the immediate, exceptional and manifest risk posed to human life and public health by the spread of Covid-19 and to the matters specified in subsection (2), make regulations for the purpose of preventing, limiting, minimising or slowing the spread of Covid-19 (including the spread outside the State) or where otherwise necessary, to deal with public health risks arising from the spread of Covid-19 and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, such regulations may, in particular, provide for all or any of the following:

- (a) restrictions to be imposed upon travel to or from the State;
- (b) restrictions to be imposed upon travel to, from or within geographical locations to which an affected areas order applies;
- (c) without prejudice to the generality of paragraph (b), restrictions to be imposed upon persons or classes of persons resident in, working in or visiting locations referred to in paragraph (b) including (but not limited to)—
  - (i) requiring persons to remain in their homes, or
  - (ii) without prejudice to any other provisions of this Act or regulations made thereunder requiring persons to remain in such other places, as may be specified by the Minister;
- (d) the prohibition of events, or classes of events, including (but not limited to) events—
  - (i) which, by virtue of the nature, format, location or environment of the event concerned or the arrangements for, or the activities involved in, or the numbers likely to be attending, the event could reasonably be considered to pose a risk of infection with Covid-19 to persons attending the event,
  - (ii) at specified geographical locations to which an affected areas order applies,
  - (iii) at locations which by virtue of the nature, format, or environment of the locations concerned or the arrangements for, or the activities involved in, or the numbers likely to be attending the type of events at the locations, could reasonably be considered to pose a risk of infection with Covid-19 to persons attending at events at those locations,
  - (iv) where the level of proposed attendance or likely level of attendance at the event could reasonably be considered to pose a risk of infection with Covid-19 to persons attending the event;

- (e) the safeguards required to be put in place by event organisers in relation to events in order to prevent, limit, minimise or slow the risk of persons attending any such event of being infected with Covid-19;
  - (f) the safeguards required to be put in place by owners or occupiers of a premises or a class of premises (including the temporary closure of such premises) in order to prevent, limit, minimise or slow the risk of persons attending such premises of being infected with Covid-19;
  - (g) the safeguards required to be put in place by owners or occupiers of any other place or class of place, (including the temporary closure of such place or class of place) in order to prevent, limit, minimise or slow the risk of persons attending at such place or class of place of being infected with Covid-19;
  - (h) without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing paragraphs, the safeguards required to be put in place by managers (howsoever described) of schools, including language schools, creches or other childcare facilities, universities or other educational facilities (including the temporary closure of such facilities) to prevent, minimise, limit, or slow the risk of infection of persons attending such premises of being infected with Covid-19;
  - (i) any other measures that the Minister considers necessary in order to prevent, limit, minimise or slow the spread of Covid-19;
  - (j) the giving of notices, the particulars to be contained therein and the manner in which such notices may be given for the purposes of the regulations;
  - (k) such additional, incidental, consequential or supplemental matters as the Minister considers necessary or expedient for the purposes of giving full effect to the regulations.
- (2) When making regulations under subsection (1), the Minister—
- (a) shall have regard to the following:
    - (i) the fact that a national emergency has arisen of such character that there is an immediate and manifest risk to human life and public health as a consequence of which it is expedient in the public interest that extraordinary measures should be taken to safeguard human life and public health;
    - (ii) the fact that a declaration of Public Health Emergency of International Concern was made by the World Health Organisation in respect of Covid-19 and that Covid-19 was duly declared by that Organisation to be a pandemic;
    - (iii) the fact that Covid-19 poses significant risks to human life and public health by virtue of its potential for incidence of mortality;
    - (iv) the policies and objectives of the Government to take such protective measures as are practicable to vindicate the life and bodily integrity of citizens against a public health risk;
    - (v) the need to act expeditiously in order to prevent, limit, minimise or slow the spread of Covid-19;

- (vi) the resources of the health services, including the number of health care workers available at a given time, the capacity of the workers to undertake measures, to test persons for Covid-19 and to provide care and treatment to persons infected with Covid-19, the necessity to take such measures as are appropriate to protect health care workers from infection from Covid-19, and the capacity of hospitals or other institutions to accommodate and facilitate the provision of care and treatment to infected persons;
  - (vii) the resources, including the financial resources, of the State;
  - (viii) the advice of the Chief Medical Officer of the Department of Health,
- and
- (b) may, have regard to any relevant guidance (including, in particular, any guidance relating to the risk assessment for, and case definition relating to, Covid-19) provided by the World Health Organisation, the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, the Health Protection Surveillance Centre of the Health Service Executive and other persons with relevant medical and scientific expertise.
- (3) Before making regulations under subsection (1), the Minister—
- (a) shall consult any other Minister of the Government as he or she considers appropriate having regard to the functions of that other Minister of the Government, and
  - (b) may consult any other person as the Minister considers appropriate for the purposes of these regulations.
- (4) The Minister may, having consulted any other Minister of the Government as he or she considers appropriate having regard to the functions of that other Minister of the Government, exempt specified classes of persons including, but not limited to persons, who perform essential services, including statutory duties or other specified public or other services, from regulations under subsection (1).
- (5) This section is without prejudice to the provisions of section 31, including as they may relate to Covid-19.
- (6) A person who—
- (a) contravenes a provision of a regulation made under subsection (1) that is stated to be a penal provision,
  - (b) obstructs, interferes with or impedes a relevant person in the course of exercising a power conferred by regulations under this section on that relevant person,
  - (c) fails or refuses to give to a relevant person information—
    - (i) that is within the first-mentioned person's knowledge,
    - (ii) that the first-mentioned person is required by regulations under this section to give the relevant person, and

(iii) that the first-mentioned person has been requested to give, or has been otherwise informed of the requirement to give, to a relevant person,

or

(d) in purported compliance with a requirement under regulations under subsection (1), gives information to a relevant person that, to the first-mentioned person's knowledge, is false or misleading in any material particular,

shall be guilty of an offence.

(7) A member of the Garda Síochána who suspects, with reasonable cause, that a person is contravening or has contravened a provision of a regulation made under subsection (1) that is stated to be a penal provision, may, for the purposes of ensuring compliance with the regulation, direct the person to take such steps as the member considers necessary to comply with the provision.

(8) (a) A person who, without lawful authority or reasonable excuse, fails to comply with a direction under subsection (7) shall be guilty of an offence.

(b) A member of the Garda Síochána may arrest without warrant a person whom the member has reasonable cause for believing is committing or has committed an offence under this subsection.

(9) A member of the Garda Síochána who has reasonable grounds for believing that a person is committing or has committed an offence under this section may require the person to state his or her name and address.

(10) A person who fails or refuses to state his or her name and address in compliance with a requirement under subsection (9), or who, in purported compliance with such a requirement, states a name or address that is false or misleading, shall be guilty of an offence.

(11) A member of the Garda Síochána may arrest without warrant any person whom the member has reasonable cause for believing has committed an offence under subsection (10).

(12) A person who commits an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a class C fine, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months, or both.

(13) (a) Regulations under subsection (1) may provide for their implementation and enforcement by a person (in this section referred to as a 'relevant person'), or group of such relevant persons, as may be specified, and for this purpose different persons, or combinations of persons, may be so specified for different purposes in, or in relation to different provisions of, such regulations.

(b) Without prejudice to the generality of paragraph (a), persons who may be specified under this subsection include—

(i) an authorised officer,

(ii) a medical officer of health,

(iii) an officer of the Minister for Justice and Equality,

- (iv) an officer of customs (within the meaning of the [Customs Act 2015](#)), or
  - (v) a person, or group of persons, appointed by the Health Service Executive.
- (14) Without prejudice to the generality of section 95, a relevant person may, in the course of exercising a power or performing a function conferred on that officer by regulations under subsection (1), require a member of the Garda Síochána to assist in the exercise of the power or the performance of the function, including by way of temporarily detaining any person, bringing a person to any place, breaking open of any premises, or any other action in which the use of force may be necessary and is lawful, and any member of the Garda Síochána so required shall comply with the requirement.
- (15) (a) Where an offence under this section is committed by a body corporate and it is proved that the offence was committed with the consent or connivance, or was attributable to any wilful neglect, of a person who was a director, manager, secretary or other officer of the body corporate, or a person purporting to act in that capacity, that person shall, as well as the body corporate, be guilty of an offence and may be proceeded against and punished as if he or she were guilty of the first-mentioned offence.
- (b) Where the affairs of a body corporate are managed by its members, paragraph (a) shall apply in relation to the acts and defaults of a member in connection with his or her functions of management as if he or she were a director or manager of the body corporate.
- (16) In this section, section 31B and section 38A—
- ‘event’ means a gathering of persons, whether the gathering is for cultural, entertainment, recreational, sporting, commercial, work, social, community, educational, religious or other reasons, and includes but is not limited to a gathering which is required to be subject to a consent, licence or other form of permission granted in relation to it by any Minister of the Government or public body pursuant to any enactment or rule of law which provides for the regulation of proper planning and sustainable development, traffic management, sale of alcohol, safety and health at work or otherwise;
- ‘event organiser’, in relation to an event, means a person who—
- (a) is engaged in publicising, arranging, organising or managing the event, or
  - (b) receives some or all of the revenue, where applicable, from the event;
- ‘premises’ includes a building or any part of a building, any outdoor space surrounding or adjacent to the premises, whether or not used in conjunction with the premises, any land, premises, tent, caravan, or other temporary or moveable structure, ship or other vessel, aircraft, railway carriage or other vehicle (whether stationary or otherwise) and any storage container.
- (17) In this section, section 31B and section 38A—

‘Covid-19’ means a disease caused by infection with the virus SARS-CoV-2 and specified as an infectious disease in accordance with Regulation 6 of, and the Schedule to, the Infectious Diseases Regulations 1981 (S.I. No. 390 of 1981) or any variant of the disease so specified as an infectious disease in those Regulations;

‘European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control’ means the Agency established under the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 851/2004<sup>1</sup> of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 establishing a European centre for disease prevention and control.

#### Affected areas orders

**31B.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Minister may, having regard to the matters specified in section 31A(2), by order declare an area or region in the State to be an area where there is known or thought to be sustained human transmission of Covid-19 or from which there is a high risk of importation of infection or contamination with Covid-19 by travel from that area (in this Act referred to as an ‘affected areas order’).

(2) When making an order under this section, the Minister shall have regard to the advice of the Chief Medical Officer of the Department of Health and shall consult with such Minister of the Government as the Minister considers appropriate having regard to the functions of that other Minister of the Government.”.

#### Annotations

##### Modifications (not altering text):

- C5** Application of Part extended from 10 November 2021 to 9 February 2022 by Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 1013 No. 3, 3 November 2021 - Extension of Part 3 of the *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion, and by Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 279 No. 11, 3 November 2021, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion.
- C6** Application of section extended from 9 November 2020 to 9 June 2021 by Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 999 No. 7, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest Act) 2020* - Part 3: Motion, and by Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 272 No. 1, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020* - Part 3: Motion.

#### Detention and isolation of persons in certain circumstances

**11.** The Act of 1947 is amended by insertion of the following section after section 38:

**“38A.** (1) Where, having regard to the matters specified in subsection (2), a medical officer of health believes in good faith that—

- (a) a person is a potential source of infection, and
- (b) the person is a potential risk to public health, and
- (c) his or her detention and isolation is appropriate in order to—
  - (i) prevent, limit, minimise or slow the spread of Covid-19, and

<sup>1</sup> O.J. No. L 142/1 of 30.04.2004, p. 1.

- (ii) minimise the risk to human life and public health,  
and
- (d) such person cannot be effectively isolated, refuses to remain or appears unlikely to remain in his or her home or other accommodation arranged, or agreed, by the Health Service Executive,
- the officer may in writing order the detention and isolation of such person in a hospital or other place specified in the order (including such other hospital or other place as may subsequently be appropriate and specified in the order) until such time as the medical officer certifies that the person's detention is no longer required for the purposes of this section.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), a medical officer of health shall have regard to the following:
- (a) the need to act expeditiously in order to prevent, limit, minimize or slow the spread of Covid-19;
- (b) the resources of the health services including the number of health care workers available at a given time, the capacity of those workers to undertake measures, the necessity to take such measures as are appropriate to protect health care workers from infection from Covid-19, and the capacity of hospitals or other institutions to accommodate and facilitate the provision of treatment of infected persons;
- (c) the policies and objectives of the Government to protect human life and public health for the purpose of preventing, limiting, minimising or slowing the spread of Covid-19, (including the spread outside the State);
- (d) the fact that Covid-19 is recently declared by the World Health Organisation to be a pandemic and any relevant guidance (including, in particular, any guidance relating to the risk assessment for, and case definition relating to, Covid-19) provided by the World Health Organisation, the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control or the Health Protection Surveillance Centre of the Health Service Executive;
- (e) the advice of any other public health officials with relevant medical and scientific expertise.
- (3) An order made under subsection (1) shall be of no effect unless the medical officer of health has certified his or her opinion as to the matters referred to in that subsection.
- (4) A medical officer of health who makes an order under subsection (1) shall keep the detention order under review and ensure that a medical examination of the person who is the subject of the order is carried out as soon as possible and in any event no later than 14 days from the time the person has been detained.
- (5) A person who is the subject of an order under subsection (1) may request that his or her detention be reviewed by a medical officer of health, other than the officer who makes the order concerned, on the grounds that he or she is not a potential source of infection.
- (6) Where a request is made by a person under subsection (5), his or her detention shall be reviewed as soon as practicable and, where a medical officer of health who carries out the review considers

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that the person is not, at time of review concerned, a potential source of infection, the medical officer shall certify that the person is no longer required to be detained for the purposes of the section and the person shall be discharged accordingly.

(7) Subject to the requirements in relation to medical examination and the period of detention specified in subsection (4) —

(a) the provisions of subsections (2) (a) to (g), (3) and (4) of section 38 shall with any necessary modification apply to a person who is subject to detention and isolation under the provisions of this section, and

(b) the provisions of subsection (5) of section 38 shall with any necessary modification apply to a person who—

(i) prevents or attempts to prevent the detention, or the bringing to a hospital or other place, of any person who is subject to detention and isolation under the provisions of this section,

(ii) assists in an escape or an attempted escape of any person who is subject to detention and isolation under the provisions of this section, or

(iii) obstructs or interferes with the exercise of any power conferred by this section.

(8) A person who is guilty of an offence under this section shall, on summary conviction thereof, be liable to a class C fine or, at the discretion of the Court, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both.

(9) The cost of the maintenance and treatment of a person to whom an order under this section relates in the hospital or other place specified in the order shall be paid by the Health Service Executive.

(10) In this section—

‘potential source of infection’ means, in relation to a person, a person who meets one or more of the following criteria:

(a) a person who has been in recent contact with a person whom the medical officer of health believes in good faith to be—

(i) a probable source of infection of Covid-19, or

(ii) suffering from Covid-19;

(b) a person who has attended an event which the medical officer of health believes in good faith was attended by a person or persons who—

(i) is or are a probable source of infection with Covid-19, or

(ii) is or are suffering from Covid-19;

(c) a person who has travelled from, or been in contact with a person or persons who has or have travelled from a place outside the State that the medical officer of health believes in good faith to have a significant number of cases of persons infected with Covid-19;

(d) a person who has travelled from, to or within, or been in contact with a person or persons who has or have travelled



from, to or within a geographical area to which an affected areas order applies;

(e) any other person whom the medical officer of health believes in good faith to be a potential source of infection with Covid-19.”.

**Annotations**

**Modifications (not altering text):**

- C7** Application of Part extended from 10 November 2021 to 9 February 2022 by Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 1013 No. 3, 3 November 2021 - Extension of Part 3 of the *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion, and by Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 279 No. 11, 3 November 2021, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion.
- C8** Application of section extended from 9 November 2020 to 9 June 2021 by Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 999 No. 7, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest Act) 2020* - Part 3: Motion, and by Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 272 No. 1, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020* - Part 3: Motion.



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*Number 1 of 2020*

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**HEALTH (PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION AND OTHER EMERGENCY MEASURES  
IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST) ACT 2020**

**REVISED**

**Updated to 21 June 2022**

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**About this Revised Act**

This Revised Act presents the text of the Act as it has been amended since enactment, and preserves the format in which it was passed.

**Related legislation**

This Act is not collectively cited with any other Act.

**Annotations**

This Revised Act is annotated and includes textual and non-textual amendments, statutory instruments made pursuant to the Act and previous affecting provisions.

An explanation of how to read annotations is available at [www.lawreform.ie/annotations](http://www.lawreform.ie/annotations).

**Material not updated in this revision**

Where other legislation is amended by this Act, those amendments may have been superseded by other amendments in other legislation, or the amended legislation may have been repealed or revoked. This information is not represented in this revision but will be reflected in a revision of the amended legislation if one is available.

Where legislation or a fragment of legislation is referred to in annotations, changes to this legislation or fragment may not be reflected in this revision but will be reflected in a revision of the legislation referred to if one is available.

A list of legislative changes to any Act, and to statutory instruments from 1972, may be found linked from the page of the Act or statutory instrument at [www.irishstatutebook.ie](http://www.irishstatutebook.ie).

**Acts which affect or previously affected this revision**

- *Health and Criminal Justice (Covid-19) (Amendment) (No. 2) Act 2021 (46/2021)*
- *Health and Criminal Justice (Covid-19) (Amendment) Act 2021 (12/2021)*

All Acts up to and including *Garda Síochána (Amendment) Act 2022 (10/2022)*, enacted 21 June 2022, were considered in the preparation of this revision.

#### **Statutory instruments which affect or previously affected this revision**

- *Health (Preservation and Protection and Other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Part 2) (No. 2) Order 2022 (S.I. No. 301 of 2022)*
- *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Part 2) Order 2022 (S.I. No. 47 of 2022)*
- *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Part 2) Order 2021 (S.I. No. 325 of 2021)*
- *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Part 2) Order 2021 (S.I. No. 133 of 2021)*
- *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 7 and 8 of Part 2) (No. 2) Order 2020 (S.I. No. 740 of 2020)*
- *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 7 and 8 of Part 2) Order 2020 (S.I. No. 350 of 2020)*
- *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Part 2) (No. 3) Order 2020 (S.I. No. 285 of 2020)*
- *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Part 2) (No. 2) Order 2020 (S.I. No. 207 of 2020)*
- *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Part 2) Order 2020 (S.I. No. 155 of 2020)*

All statutory instruments up to and including *Health (Preservation and Protection and Other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 (Continuation of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Part 2) (No. 2) Order 2022 (S.I. No. 301 of 2022)*, made 21 June 2022, were considered in the preparation of this revision.

#### **Resolutions of the Houses of the Oireachtas which affect this revision**

- Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 1013 No. 3, 3 November 2021, Extension of Part 3 of the *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion
- Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 279 No. 11, 3 November 2021, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020*: Motion
- Resolution of Dáil Éireann: Debates Volume 999 No. 7, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest Act) 2020 - Part 3*: Motion
- Resolution of Seanad Éireann: Debates Volume 272 No. 1, 22 October 2020, *Health (Preservation and Protection and other Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) Act 2020 - Part 3*: Motion