

Number 23 of 1940

ENFORCEMENT OF COURT ORDERS ACT 1940

REVISED

Updated to 1 January 2025

This Revised Act is an administrative consolidation of the *Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940*. It is prepared by the Law Reform Commission in accordance with its function under the *Law Reform Commission Act 1975* (3/1975) to keep the law under review and to undertake revision and consolidation of statute law.

All Acts up to and including the Family Courts Act 2024 (48/2024), enacted 13 November 2024, and all statutory instruments up to and including the Physiotherapists Registration Board Application for Registration Bye-Law 2025 (S.I. No. 2 of 2025), made 7 January 2025, were considered in the preparation of this Revised Act.

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ENFORCEMENT OF COURT ORDERS ACT 1940 REVISED

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Number 23 of 1940.

ENFORCEMENT OF COURT ORDERS ACT 1940

REVISED

Updated to 1 January 2025

AN ACT TO AMEND AND EXTEND THE LAW IN RELATION TO THE ENFORCEMENT OF CERTAIN COURT ORDERS AND TO MAKE PROVISION FOR THE RELEASE IN PROPER CASES OF PERSONS IMPRISONED FOR NON-PAYMENT OF MONEY. [10th July, 1940.]

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OIREACHTAS AS FOLLOWS:-

Annotations

Editorial Notes:

F1 Previous affecting provision: application of collectively cited Enforcement of Court Orders Acts restricted (27.05.1947) by Agricultural Credit Act 1947 (14/1947), s. 53, commenced on enactment; repealed (1.03.1978) by Agricultural Credit Act 1978 (2/1978), s. 7 and sch., S.I. No. 49 of 1978.

PART I.

AMENDMENT OF THE ENFORCEMENT OF COURT ORDERS ACT, 1926.

The Principal Act.

 ${f 1.}$ — In this Part of this Act the expression " the Principal Act " means the Enforcement of Court Orders Act, 1926 (No. 18 of 1926).

Construction of this Part of this Act

- 2. (1) This Part of this Act shall be read as one with Part II of the Principal Act, and accordingly every word and expression to which a particular meaning is given in or by the said Part II for the purposes of the said Part II shall have in this Part of this Act the meaning so given to it.
- (2) In this Part of this Act, the expression "instalment order" means an order made under section 17 of the Principal Act, whether such order requires the debt and costs to be paid in one payment or by instalments, and, where such order has been varied under this Part of this Act, includes such order as so varied.

Time within for examination order may be made.

3. — An application for an examination order may be made at any time not more which application than six years after the date of the judgment in relation to which such order is sought.

Annotations

Amendments:

F1 Substituted by Courts (No. 2) Act 1986 (26/1986), s. 3(2), not commenced as of date of revision.

Modifications (not altering text):

C1 Prospective affecting provision: section substituted by Courts (No. 2) Act 1986 (26/1986), s. 3(2), not commenced as of date of revision.

F1[3.—An application under section 15 of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act, 1926 (as amended by the Courts (No. 2) Act, 1986) may be made at any time not more than six years after the date of the judgment, order or decree in relation to which the application is made.]

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Duration of instalment orders.

- 4. F2[(1) An instalment order shall continue in force until the expiration of twelve years from the date of the relevant judgment, order or decree.]
- (2) No instalment which accrues due under an instalment order after such order ceases to be in force shall be payable or recoverable.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring that an instalment order shall provide for payment of the whole of the debt and costs within the period during which such order continues in force.

Annotations

Amendments:

F2 Substituted (12.07.1986) by Courts (No. 2) Act 1986 (26/1986), s. 3(3), commenced on enactment.

Modifications (not altering text):

C2 Application of subs. (1) restricted (1.12.2005) by Social Welfare Consolidation Act 2005 (26/2005), s. 346(5), 346(9)(a), S.I. No. 923 of 2005.

Contribution towards benefit or allowance.

346. ...

(5) Where a judge of the District Court is satisfied that, at the time of the hearing of an application by the competent authority under subsection (3), the liable relative had failed or neglected to make the contribution required under this section and was able to contribute to the allowance granted, the judge shall order the payment of that contribution to the competent authority in the manner he or she considers proper.

- (9) The following provisions shall not apply to orders made under subsection (5):
 - (a) section 4(1) (inserted by section 3 (3) of the Courts (No. 2) Act 1986) of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 (duration of instalment orders); and

Editorial Notes:

- **E2** Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (1) restricted (16.11.1993) by Social Welfare (Consolidation) Act 1993 (27/1993), s. 286(8)(a), S.I. No. 335 of 1993; revoked (1.12.2005) by Social Welfare Consolidation Act 2005 (26/2005), ss. 360 and sch. 7, S.I. No. 923 of 2005.
- **E3** Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (1) restricted by Social Welfare (Consolidation) Act 1981 (1/1981), s. 316(8) as inserted (5.04.1992) by Social Welfare Act 1992 (5/1992), s. 21(d), commenced on enactment; repealed (16.11.1993) by Social Welfare (Consolidation) Act 1993 (27/1993), s. 300 and sch., S.I. No. 335 of 1993.

Variation of instalment orders.

- **5.** (1) A Justice of the District Court may, if he so thinks proper on the application of the creditor or of the debtor, do in respect of any instalment order (whether made before or after the passing of this Act) whichever of the following things is applicable, that is to say:—
 - (a) where such instalment order requires the debt and costs to be paid in one payment, vary such order so as to provide (in lieu of such payment in one sum) for payment of the debt and costs by such instalments and at such times as such Justice shall in all the circumstances think reasonable;

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- (b) where such instalment order requires the debt and costs to be paid by instalments, vary such order in such manner as such Justice may think proper in respect of the number of instalments, the amount of the instalments, or the times at which the instalments are to be paid or all or any two of those matters.
- (2) Whenever a Justice of the District Court makes under this section, whether on the application of the creditor or the application of the debtor, an order varying an instalment order, such Justice may, if he so thinks proper, do either or both of the following things, that is to say:—
 - (a) direct that the costs of the creditor in respect of the application for such variation order shall be part of the costs of the proceedings in the District Court within the meaning of section 17 of the Principal Act;
 - (b) direct that such variation order shall apply and have effect as from a specified date prior to the date thereof.
- (3) Save as provided by the preceding sub-sections of this section, an order under this section shall have effect from the date thereof.
- F3[(4) An order under this section varying an instalment order shall not so operate as to make the instalment order enforceable after the expiration of twelve years from the date of the relevant judgment, order or decree.]

Annotations

Amendments:

F3 Inserted (12.07.1986) by Courts (No. 2) Act 1986 (26/1986), s. 3(4), commenced on enactment.

Modifications (not altering text):

C3 Application of subs. (4) restricted (1.12.2005) by Social Welfare Consolidation Act 2005 (26/2005), s. 346(9)(b), S.I. No. 923 of 2005.

Contribution towards benefit or allowance.

346. ...

- (5) Where a judge of the District Court is satisfied that, at the time of the hearing of an application by the competent authority under subsection (3), the liable relative had failed or neglected to make the contribution required under this section and was able to contribute to the allowance granted, the judge shall order the payment of that contribution to the competent authority in the manner he or she considers proper.
- (9) The following provisions shall not apply to orders made under subsection (5): ...
 - (b) section 5(4) (inserted by section 3 of the Courts (No. 2) Act 1986) of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 (duration of variation orders).

Editorial Notes:

- E4 Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (4) restricted (16.11.1993) by Social Welfare (Consolidation) Act 1993 (27/1993), s. 286(8)(b), S.I. No. 335 of 1993; repealed (1.12.2005) by Social Welfare Consolidation Act 2005 (26/2005), s. 360 and sch. 7, S.I. No. 923 of 2005.
- Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (4) restricted by Social Welfare (Consolidation)

 Act 1981 (1/1981), s. 316(8) as inserted (5.04.1992) by Social Welfare Act 1992 (5/1992), s. 21(d),
 commenced on enactment; repealed (16.11.1993) by Social Welfare (Consolidation) Act 1993
 (27/1993), s. 300 and sch., S.I. No. 335 of 1993.

F4[Failure to comply with instalment order.

- **6.** (1) Where a debtor is liable, by virtue of an instalment order, to pay a debt and costs either in one payment or by instalments and the debtor fails to make the payment or fails to pay any one or more of the instalments due while that order is in force at the time or times appointed by it, the creditor may, at any time while it is in force or within 12 months after it has ceased to be in force, apply to a District Court clerk for the District Court area where the debtor resides for a summons directing the debtor to appear before the District Court.
 - (2) A summons referred to in subsection (1) shall—
 - (a) be issued by the District Court clerk concerned,
 - (b) contain details of the consequences, under this section, of a failure to comply with an instalment order and in particular the possibility of imprisonment,
 - (c) provide information in ordinary language of the options available to the judge of the District Court under subsection (7) at the hearing of the summons,
 - (d) state that the debtor may be arrested if he or she fails to appear before the District Court as directed, and
 - (e) be served on the debtor by personal service, unless the judge of the District Court directs otherwise.
- (3) If a debtor fails, without reasonable excuse, to appear before the court in answer to the summons, on the application of the creditor, the judge of the District Court, if satisfied that the debtor was served in accordance with subsection (2), shall—
 - (a) issue a warrant for the arrest of the debtor, or
 - (b) if the judge thinks it appropriate in all the circumstances, fix a new date for the hearing at which the debtor will be required to attend and direct that he or she be notified of that date.
- (4) A debtor arrested under subsection (3)(a) shall be brought as soon as practicable before the District Court.
- (5) Where a debtor is arrested and brought before the District Court under subsection (3)(a), the judge shall fix a new date for the hearing of the summons and direct that the creditor be informed by the District Court clerk by notice in writing of the date so fixed, and shall explain to the debtor in ordinary language—
 - (a) that he or she—
 - (i) is entitled to apply to the court for a certificate of legal aid under section 6A, and
 - (ii) must attend before the court at the date next fixed for the hearing of the summons,

and

- (b) the consequences, under this section, which may follow a failure—
 - (i) to comply with an instalment order and in particular the possibility of imprisonment, or
 - (ii) to attend before the court as required under paragraph (a)(ii).
- (6) At the hearing of the summons, where both the creditor and the debtor are present in court, before hearing their evidence, the judge shall explain to the debtor in ordinary language—
 - (a) that he or she is entitled to apply to the court for a certificate of legal aid under section 6A, and
 - (b) the consequences, under this section, which may follow a failure to comply with an instalment order, and in particular the possibility of imprisonment.
- (7) On hearing the creditor and the debtor and such evidence, if any, as they may respectively adduce, a judge may, if he or she is satisfied that the debtor has failed to comply with the instalment order—
 - (a) treat the proceedings on the summons as an application under section 5 for a variation of the instalment order, in which case section 5 applies as if the proceedings were such an application,
 - (b) if he or she considers it appropriate, request the creditor and the debtor to seek resolution by mediation, within such period as the judge may specify and, if not resolved by that method and within the period so specified, the creditor may apply to the District Court clerk concerned to re-enter the proceedings,
 - (c) if he or she considers it appropriate, and subject to subsection (8), make an order fixing a term of imprisonment for any period not exceeding 3 months (which order shall specify the amount of the outstanding debt and costs, including the costs of that order), and postpone the execution of that order until such time and on such conditions, if any, as to the payment of the outstanding debt and costs as he or she thinks just, or
 - (d) if he or she considers it appropriate, and subject to subsection (8), order the arrest and imprisonment of the debtor for any period not exceeding 3 months (which order shall specify the amount of the outstanding debt and costs, including the costs of that order), and the debtor shall be arrested and imprisoned accordingly.
- (8) A judge shall not make an order under subsection (7)(c) or (d) unless he or she is satisfied, beyond reasonable doubt, on the evidence presented, that the creditor has established that—
 - (a) the failure to pay the sum in respect of which the debtor has made default is not due to his or her mere inability to pay but is due to his or her wilful refusal or culpable neglect, and
 - (b) the debtor has no goods which could be taken in execution under any process of the court by which the judgment, order or decree for the debt was given.
- (9) Where an order fixing and postponing a term of imprisonment has been made under subsection (7)(c) with a condition as to payment of the debt and costs by the debtor, he or she may, if his or her ability to comply with the terms of the order has changed, apply to the District Court clerk concerned to re-enter the matter and the District Court judge, on notice to the creditor, shall deal with the matter as if it was an application under section 5 for a variation of an instalment order.
- (10) Where a debtor is imprisoned on foot of an order made under subsection (7)(c) or (d), he or she—

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- (a) may, if his or her ability to re-pay the outstanding debt and costs as specified in that order has changed, apply to the District Court clerk concerned to reenter the matter and the District Court judge, on notice to the creditor, shall deal with the matter as if it was a re-hearing of the summons referred to in subsection (1), and
- (b) is entitled to be released immediately upon payment by him or her or on his or her behalf to the District Court clerk concerned or to the Governor of the Prison for the District Court clerk, of the sum of money consisting of the amount of all instalments of the debt and costs which have accrued before, and are unpaid at the date of such order.
- (11) All moneys paid under this section to the District Court clerk (whether directly or through the Governor of the Prison) by or on behalf of a debtor shall be paid by the clerk to the creditor on request.
- (12) Failure by a debtor to comply with subsection (5)(a)(ii), without reasonable excuse. constitutes contempt of court, and the District Court judge may deal with the matter accordingly.

Annotations

Amendments:

- F4 Substituted (14.07.2009) by Enforcement Of Court Orders (Amendment) Act 2009 (21/2009), s. 2(1), commenced on enactment.
- F5 Deleted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(a), not commenced as of date of revision.
- F6 Substituted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(b), not commenced as of date of revision.
- Deleted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(b), not commenced as of date of F7 revision
- Substituted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(c), not commenced as of date F8 of revision.
- F9 Substituted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(c), not commenced as of date of revision
- F10 Substituted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(d), not commenced as of date of revision.
- F11 Deleted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(d), not commenced as of date of revision, subject to transitional provision in subs. (3).
- Deleted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(e), not commenced as of date of F12 revision, subject to transitional provision in subs. (3).
- F13 Deleted by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(e) and (1)(f), not commenced as of date of revision, subject to transitional provision in s. 26(3).

Modifications (not altering text):

- C4 Prospective affecting provision: subss. (2)(b), (5)-(11) amended by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(1)(a)-(f), not commenced as of date of revision.
 - (2) A summons referred to in subsection (1) shall ...
 - (b) contain details of the consequences, under this section, of a failure to comply with an instalment order F5[...],

(5) Where a debtor is arrested and brought before the District Court under subsection (3)(a), the judge shall fix a new date for the hearing of the summons and direct that the creditor be informed by the District Court clerk by notice in writing of the date so fixed, and shall explain to the debtor in ordinary language-

(a) that he or she-

F6[(i) is entitled to apply for legal advice and legal aid under the Civil Legal Aid Act 1995,

and

- (b) the consequences, under this section, which may follow a failure—
 - (i) to comply with an instalment order F7[...], or

- (6) At the hearing of the summons, where both the creditor and the debtor are present in court, before hearing their evidence, the judge shall explain to the debtor in ordinary language—
 - F8[(a) that he or she is entitled to apply for legal advice and legal aid under the Civil Legal Aid Act 1995, and]
 - (b) the consequences, under this section, which may follow a failure to comply with an instalment F9[order.]
- (7) On hearing the creditor and the debtor and such evidence, if any, as they may respectively adduce, a judge may, if he or she is satisfied that the debtor has failed to comply with the instalment order-
 - (a) treat the proceedings on the summons as an application under section 5 for a variation of the instalment order, in which case section 5 applies as if the proceedings were F10[such an application, or]
 - (b) if he or she considers it appropriate, request the creditor and the debtor to seek resolution by mediation, within such period as the judge may specify and, if not resolved by that method and within the period so specified, the creditor may apply to the District Court clerk concerned to re-enter the F10[proceedings.]
 - (d) F11[...]
 - (c) F11[...]
 - (8) F12[...]
 - (9) F13[...]
 - (10) F13[...]
- (11) All moneys paid under this section to the District Court clerk F13[...] by or on behalf of a debtor shall be paid by the clerk to the creditor on request.
- **C5** Application of section restricted by Defence Act 1954 (18/1954), s. 107(2), as substituted (24.06.1987) by Defence (Amendment) Act 1987 (8/1987), s. 10, commenced on enactment.

Exemption of men from civil process.

[1.— ...

- (2) An order shall not be made under section 6 of the Debtors Act (Ireland), 1872, or under section 6 of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act, 1940, directing the imprisonment of any person—
 - (a) who is a man of the Permanent Defence Force on active service, or
 - (b) who is a reservist and is for the time being called out on permanent service.]

Editorial Notes:

E6 Provision for Court to release bankrupt from imprisonment under section in respect of debt incurred before adjudication made (1.01.1989) by *Bankruptcy Act 1988* (27/1988), s. 26, S.I. No. 348 of 1988.

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Previous affecting provision: provision for Court to release debtor from imprisonment under section granting protection made (1.01.1989) by Bankruptcy Act 1988 (27/1988), ss. 26, 87(6), S.I. No. 348 of 1988; repealed by Personal Insolvency Act 2012 (44/2012), ss. 1(2), 6 and sch. 1, not commenced; repealed (3.12.2013) by Courts and Civil Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2013 (32/2013), s. 37, S.I. No. 463 of 2013.

F14[Entitlement to legal aid.

- **6A.** (1) If it appears to a judge of the District Court in proceedings on a summons under section 6 that the means of a debtor are insufficient to enable him or her to obtain legal aid, the judge shall, on application being made by the debtor in that behalf, grant to the debtor—
 - (a) a certificate for free legal aid (in this section referred to as a "debtor's legal aid certificate"),
 - (b) where the debtor appeals an order for his or her imprisonment made under section (7)(c) or (d) and applies to the judge for legal aid in connection with the appeal, a certificate for free legal aid in respect of the appeal (in this section referred to as a "debtor's legal aid (appeal) certificate"), or
 - (c) where the judge refers a question of law arising in the proceedings to the High Court by way of case stated or states a case in relation to the proceedings for the opinion of the High Court and the debtor applies to the judge for legal aid in connection with that reference or case stated, a certificate for free legal aid in respect of the reference or case stated (in this section referred to as a "debtor's legal aid (case stated) certificate").
 - (2) (a) Where a certificate has been granted under subsection (1) the debtor concerned shall be entitled to legal aid and to have legal representation assigned to him or her for that purpose.
 - (b) Where a debtor, in respect of whom an order for imprisonment is made, is refused a debtor's legal aid (appeal) certificate, he or she may apply for the certificate to the court to which an appeal from imprisonment lies either—
 - (i) by letter addressed to the registrar of that court setting out the facts of the case and the grounds of the application, or
 - (ii) to the court itself.
- (3) The Criminal Justice (Legal Aid) Act 1962 and regulations made under section 10 of that Act shall, where appropriate and with such modifications as may be necessary, apply to a certificate granted under subsection (1) and to such legal aid.
- (4) The Minister may make regulations as are necessary for the purpose of this section to prescribe all or any of the following:
 - (a) the form of debtor's legal aid certificates,
 - (b) the rate of payment of any fee, costs or other expenses payable,
 - (c) the manner in which legal representatives may be assigned pursuant to such certificates, or
 - (d) anything that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed.]

Annotations

Amendments:

- Inserted (14.07.2009) by Enforcement Of Court Orders (Amendment) Act 2009 (21/2009), s. 2(1), F14 commenced on enactment.
- Repealed by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(2), not commenced as of date of F15 revision, subject to transitional provision in subs. (4).

Modifications (not altering text):

C6 Prospective amending provision: section repealed by Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015), s. 26(2), not commenced as of date of revision, subject to transitional provision in s. 26(4).

6A. F15[...]

Editorial Notes:

- E8 Power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (1.01.2024 deemed, 1.01.2025) by Enforcement of Court Orders (Legal Aid) (Amendment) Regulations 2024 (S.I. No. 743 of 2024), in effect as per regs. 3(2),
- F9 Power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (13.07.2011) by Enforcement of Court Orders (Legal Aid) (Amendment) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 363 of 2011), in effect as per reg. 1(2).
- Power pursuant to subs. (4) exercised (1.04.2010) by Enforcement of Court Orders (Legal Aid) F10 (Amendment) Regulations 2010 (S.I. No. 137 of 2010), in effect as per reg. 1(2).
- E11 Power pursuant to subss. (3), (4) exercised (23.07.2009) by Enforcement of Court Orders (Legal Aid) Regulations 2009 (S.I. No. 301 of 2009).

PART II.

MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL.

Amendment of section 1 of the Married Women (Maintenance in case of Desertion) Act, 1886.

7. — F16[...]

Annotations

Amendments:

F16 Repealed (6.05.1976) by Family Law (Maintenance of Spouses and Children) Act 1976 (11/1976), s. 30(1), commenced as per s. 2, subject to saver in s. 30(2)(a).

Editorial Notes:

E12 Previous affecting provision: para. (a) deleted (15.12.1971) by Courts Act 1971 (36/1971), s. 24, commenced on enactment; section repealed as per F-note above.

F17[Enforcement of certain orders for periodical payments.

8.— (1) Where a monetary amount payable by virtue of an antecedent order within the meaning of the Family Law (Maintenance of Spouses and Children) Act 1976 is not duly paid, the person entitled to the payments (in this section referred to as the applicant) may apply to the relevant District Court clerk for the issue of a summons directed to the person by whom such amounts are payable (in this section referred to as the defaulter) requiring the defaulter to attend before the District Court at a time and date specified in the summons for the purpose of giving evidence to the court as to his or her means and assets and on the hearing of such summons such person may be examined on oath by or on behalf of the applicant.

- (2) Having heard evidence as to the amount outstanding on foot of such order and having heard evidence as to the means and assets of the defaulter, the District Court Judge may make such order as to the payment, collection or recovery of the amounts outstanding under such order as to the Judge seems fair and reasonable including one or more than one of the following:
 - (a) where the Judge is satisfied that there are monies due and owing by any other person to the defaulter, an order directing such other person to pay the monies concerned to the relevant District Court clerk to the extent of the amount outstanding to the applicant on foot of the order referred to in subsection (1) and which is specified in the order together with the costs of the application under this section,
 - (b) where the Judge is satisfied that there are monies which will become due or may become due by any other person to the defaulter, an order directing such other person to pay any such monies to the relevant District Court clerk to the extent of the amount outstanding to the applicant on foot of the order referred to in subsection (1) and which is specified in the order together with the costs of the application under this section,
 - (c) where the Judge is satisfied that it would be effective to do so, an order that the amounts outstanding to the applicant referred to in subsection (1) be levied by distress against the goods of the defaulter and the sale of such goods and for the transmission to the relevant District Court clerk of the proceeds of sale after payment of all costs and expenses properly arising in connection with the levying of distress and the sale of the goods.
- (3) Every distress and sale made in pursuance of an order of the District Court Judge under this section shall be carried out by the appropriate under-sheriff.
- (4) All moneys received by the relevant District Court clerk shall be paid as soon as practicable after receipt to the applicant.
- (5) In this section "relevant District Court clerk" means the District Court clerk for the District Court area in which the defaulter resides or carries on any profession, business or occupation, unless by virtue of any other enactment relating to the antecedent order concerned any other District Court clerk is the relevant District Court clerk as respects that antecedent order.

Annotations

Amendments:

- F17 Substituted (2.08.2011) by Civil Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2011 (23/2011), s. 63, commenced on enactment.
- F18 Substituted by Family Courts Act 2024 (48/2024), s. 72(a)-(d), not commenced as of date of revision.

Modifications (not altering text):

C7 Prospective affecting provision: subss. (1), (2), (3), (5) amended by Family Courts Act 2024 (48/2024), s. 72(a)-(d), not commenced as of date of revision.

F17[8.— (1) Where a monetary amount payable by virtue of an antecedent order within the meaning of the Family Law (Maintenance of Spouses and Children) Act 1976 is not duly paid, the person entitled to the payments (in this section referred to as the applicant) may apply to the relevant District Court clerk for the issue of a summons directed to the person by whom such amounts are payable (in this section referred to as the defaulter) requiring the defaulter to attend F18[before the Family District Court] at a time and date specified in the summons for the purpose of giving evidence to the court as to his or her means and assets and on the hearing of such summons such person may be examined on oath by or on behalf of the applicant.

(2) Having heard evidence as to the amount outstanding on foot of such order and having heard evidence as to the means and assets of the defaulter, the F18[judge of the Family District Court] may make such order as to the payment, collection or recovery of the amounts outstanding under such order as to the Judge seems fair and reasonable including one or more than one of the following:

- (3) Every distress and sale made in pursuance of an order of the F18[judge of the Family District Court] under this section shall be carried out by the appropriate under-sheriff.
- (5) In this section "relevant District Court clerk" means the District Court clerk for the F18[Family District Court district] in which the defaulter resides or carries on any profession, business or occupation, unless by virtue of any other enactment relating to the antecedent order concerned any other District Court clerk is the relevant District Court clerk as respects that antecedent order.]
- **C8** Reference to "applicant" in subs. (1) construed (25.11.2019) by European Union (Hague Maintenance Convention) Regulations 2019 (S.I. No. 594 of 2019), reg. 14(9).

Enforcement in District Court of recognition order or declaration of enforceability

- (8) Where any sum payable referred to in paragraph (7) is not duly paid -
 - (a) the Central Authority may apply, in writing, to the relevant district court clerk for the issue of a summons under section 8 (1) of the Act of 1940, or
 - (b) the Central Authority may, in writing, request the relevant district court clerk concerned to make an application to the District Court respecting that sum under section 10 of the Act of 1976.
- (9) For the purposes of paragraph (8)(a), a reference to an applicant in section 8(1) of the Act of 1940 shall be construed as including a reference to the relevant district court clerk.

C9 Application of subs. (1) restricted (1.01.2011) by Civil Partnership and Certain Rights and Obligations of Cohabitants Act 2010 (24/2010), ss. 62, 185, S.I. No. 648 of 2010.

- 62.— (1) Where an attachment of earnings order has been made, any proceedings commenced under section 8 (1) of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 for the enforcement of the relevant antecedent order lapses and any warrant or order issued or made under that subsection ceases to have effect.
- (2) An attachment of earnings order ceases to have effect on the making of an order under section 8 (1) of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 for the enforcement of the relevant antecedent order.

Other remedies.

- 185.— (1) Where an attachment of earnings order has been made, any proceedings commenced under subsection (1) of section 8 of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 for the enforcement of the relevant antecedent order lapses and any warrant or order issued or made under that subsection ceases to have effect.
- (2) An attachment of earnings order ceases to have effect on the making of an order under section 8 of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 for the enforcement of the relevant antecedent order.

C10 Reference to "maintenance creditor" construed by Maintenance Act 1994 (28/1994), s. 4(2)(a) as substituted (10.03.2012) by Jurisdiction of Courts and Enforcement of Judgments (Amendment) Act 2012 (7/2012), s. 2(b), commenced on enactment.

Central Authority.

4.- ...

- (2) [(a) For the purposes of section 8 of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 (as amended by section 63 of the Civil Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2011), the Acts of 1976, 1995, 1996 and 1998, the Brussels I Regulation, and the 2007 Lugano Convention, the Central Authority shall have authority to act on behalf of a maintenance creditor or of a claimant (as defined in section 13(1)), and references therein to a maintenance creditor or to such a claimant shall be construed as including references to that Authority.
 - (aa) In paragraph (a) "maintenance creditor" means, in the context of the Brussels I Regulation or the 2007 Lugano Convention, a maintenance creditor referred to in Article 5(2) of that Regulation or Article 5(2) of that Convention.]
- (b) Where the Central Authority so acts, payments of maintenance shall be made directly to the maintenance creditor or claimant unless the Central Authority requests that they be made to a public authority in the jurisdiction where the maintanance creditor or claimant resides.
- C11 Application of subs. (1) restricted (6.05.1976) by Family Law (Maintenance of Spouses and Children)

 Act 1976 (11/1976), s. 19, in effect as per s. 2.

Provisions in relation to alternative remedies.

- 19.—(1) Where an attachment of earnings order has been made, any proceedings commenced under section 8 (1) of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act, 1940, for the enforcement of the relevant antecedent order shall lapse and any warrant or order issued or made under that section in any such proceedings shall cease to have effect.
- (2) An attachment of earnings order shall cease to have effect upon the making of an order under section 8 (1) of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act, 1940, for the enforcement of the relevant antecedent order.
- C12 Application of section restricted by *Defence Act 1954* (18/1954), s. 107(2), as substituted (24.06.1987) by *Defence (Amendment) Act 1987* (8/1987), s. 10, commenced on enactment.

Exemption of men from civil process.

[1.- ...

- (2) An order shall not be made under section 6 of the Debtors Act (Ireland), 1872, or under section 6 of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act, 1940, directing the imprisonment of any person—
 - (a) who is a man of the Permanent Defence Force on active service, or
 - (b) who is a reservist and is for the time being called out on permanent service.]

Editorial Notes:

- Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (7) to certain proceedings restricted (18.06.2011) by European Communities (Maintenance) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 274 of 2011), reg. 8(2), in effect as per reg. 1(2); reg. 8 no longer applicable as substituted (29.11.2011) by European Communities (Maintenance) (Amendment) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 612 of 2011), reg. 5; section also substituted as per F-note above.
- Previous affecting provision: reference to "applicant" construed in certain circumstances (18.06.2011) by European Communities (Maintenance) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 274 of 2011), reg. 10(10), in effect as per reg. 1(2); section substituted as per F-note above.

- Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (7) to certain proceedings restricted (18.06.2011) by European Communities (Maintenance) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 274 of 2011), reg. 10(12), in effect as per reg. 1(2); reg. 10(12) deleted (29.11.2011) by European Communities (Maintenance) (Amendment) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 612 of 2011), reg. 7(b); section also substituted as per Fnote above.
- E16 Previous affecting provision: reference to "order" in subs. (1) and (7) construed (1.01.2011) by Civil Partnership and Certain Rights and Obligations of Cohabitants Act 2010 (24/2010), s. 65, S.I. No. 648 of 2010; section substituted as per F-note above.
- E17 Previous affecting provision: subss. (1), (2)(d), (3), (5) amended (14.07.2009) by Enforcement Of Court Orders (Amendment) Act 2009 (21/2009), s. 2(2)(a)-(c), commenced on enactment; section substituted as per F-note above.
- Previous affecting provision: reference to "applicant" construed in certain circumstances (1.03.2002) by European Communities (Civil and Commercial Judgments) Regulations 2002 (S.I. No. 52 of 2002), reg. 6(11), in effect as per reg. 2; revoked (10.01.2015) by European Union (Civil and Commercial Judgments) Regulations 2015 (S.I. No. 6 of 2015), reg. 14, in effect as per reg. 2, subject to transitional provisions in reg. 13.
- Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (7) to certain proceedings restricted (1.03.2002) by European Communities (Civil and Commercial Judgments) Regulations 2002 (S.I. No. 52 of 2002), reg. 6(13), in effect as per reg. 2; section substituted as per F-note above and instrument revoked (10.01.2015) by European Union (Civil and Commercial Judgments) Regulations 2015 (S.I. No. 6 of 2015), reg. 14, in effect as per reg. 2, subject to transitional provisions in reg. 13.
- Previous affecting provision: reference to "applicant" construed in certain circumstances (1.12.1999) by Jurisdiction of Courts and Enforcement of Judgments Act 1998 (52/1998), s. 9(10), S.I. No. 353 of 1999; section substituted as per F-note above.
- **E21** Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (7) to certain proceedings restricted (1.12.1999) by *Jurisdiction of Courts and Enforcement of Judgments Act 1998* (52/1998), s. 9(12), S.I. No. 353 of 1999; section substituted as per F-note above.
- F22 Previous affecting provision: reference to "order" in subss. (1), (7) construed (27.02.1997) by Family Law (Divorce) Act 1996 (33/1996), s. 30, commenced as per s. 1(2); section substituted as per F-note above.
- Previous affecting provision: reference to "order" in subss. (1), (7) construed (1.08.1996) by Family Law Act 1995 (26/1995), s. 22, S.I. No. 46 of 1996; section substituted as per F-note above.
- **E24** Previous affecting provision: reference to "order" in subss. (1), (7) construed (19.10.1989) by *Judicial Separation and Family Law Reform Act 1989* (6/1989), s. 28, commenced as per s. 46(2); section substituted as per F-note above.
- Previous affecting provision: reference to "applicant" construed in certain circumstances (1.06.1988) by Jurisdiction of Courts and Enforcement of Judgments (European Communities) Act 1988 (3/1988), s. 7(7)(b), S.I. No. 91 of 1988; as substituted (25.11.1995) by Maintenance Act 1994 (28/1994), s. 11, S.I. No. 288 of 1995; section substituted as per F-note above.
- Previous affecting provision: reference to "applicant" construed in certain circumstances (1.06.1988) by Jurisdiction of Courts and Enforcement of Judgments (European Communities) Act 1988 (3/1988), s. 7(7)(b), S.I. No. 91 of 1988, as amended (25.11.1995) by Maintenance Act 1994 (28/1994), s. 11, S.I. No. 288 of 1995; section substituted as per F-note above.
- Previous affecting provision: application of subs. (7) to certain proceedings restricted (1.06.1988) by Jurisdiction of Courts and Enforcement of Judgments (European Communities) Act 1988 (3/1988), s. 7(8), S.I. No. 91 of 1988, as substituted (25.11.1995) by Maintenance Act 1994 (28/1994), s. 11, S.I. No. 288 of 1995; section substituted as per F-note above.
- Previous affecting provision: reference to "order" in subss. (1), (7) construed (12.07.1986) by Courts (No. 2) Act 1986 (26/1986), ss. 3(5), 5(4), commenced on enactment; section substituted as per F-note above.

- F29 Previous affecting provision: reference to "order" in subss. (1) and (7) construed (6.05.1976) by Family Law (Maintenance of Spouses and Children) Act 1976 (11/1976), s. 29, commenced as per s. 2; section substituted as per F-note above.
- Previous affecting provision: reference to "applicant" construed in certain circumstances (1.04.1975) by Maintenance Orders Act 1974 (16/1974), s. 14(8)(b), S.I. No. 23 of 1975, as amended (6.05.1976) by Family Law (Maintenance of Spouses and Children) Act 1976 (11/1976), s. 9(8) and table, commenced as per s. 2; section substituted as per F-note above.

F19[Release of person imprisoned for non-payment of money.

- **9.** (1) Where a person is in prison under an order of a court made on account of the failure of the person to pay a sum of money, the Minister may, at any time and for any reason which appears to him or her sufficient, direct that the person be released either (as the Minister thinks proper) immediately or after payment of a specified part of that sum of money.
- (2) The Minister may, before releasing a person under this section, if he or she considers it appropriate and proper in all the circumstances consult with the judge who made the order for imprisonment of the person.
- (3) Where the Minister directs that a person be released from prison, the person shall be released in accordance with the direction.
 - (4) In this section "Minister" means Minister for Justice, Equality and Law Reform.]

Annotations

Amendments:

F19 Substituted (14.07.2009) by Enforcement Of Court Orders (Amendment) Act 2009 (21/2009), s. 2(3), commenced on enactment.

Modifications (not altering text):

C13 Application of section restricted in certain circumstances (23.03.2007) by European Communities (Enforcement of Community Judgments, Orders and Decisions) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 121 of 2007), reg. 7, in effect as per reg. 1(2).

Restriction of section 9 of Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940.

7. Section 9 of the Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 (No. 23 of 1940) shall not apply to or in relation to a person in prison to the extent that the person is in prison on account of the failure to pay a sum of money under a Community judgment, order or decision which has been entered.

Editorial Notes:

- E31 Minister for Justice, Equality and Law Reform most recently renamed Minister for Justice (1.11.2020) by Justice and Equality (Alteration of Name of Department and Title of Minister) Order 2020 (S.I. No. 452 of 2020), in effect as per art. 1(2).
- Previous affecting provision: powers of the Minister for Justice declared not exercisable in respect of the enforcement of a Community judgment (1.01.1973) by European Communities (Enforcement of Community Judgments) Regulations 1972 (S.I. No. 331 of 1972), reg. 7, in effect as per reg. 2; revoked (23.03.2007) by European Communities (Enforcement of Community Judgments, Orders and Decisions) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 121 of 2007), reg. 9, in effect as per reg. 1(2).

Short title and citation.

- 10. (1) This Act may be cited as the Enforcement of Court Orders Act, 1940.
- (2) The Enforcement of Court Orders Act, 1926 (No. 18 of 1926), and this Act may be cited together as the Enforcement of Court Orders Acts, 1926 and 1940.



Number 23 of 1940

ENFORCEMENT OF COURT ORDERS ACT 1940 REVISED

Updated to 1 January 2025

About this Revised Act

This Revised Act presents the text of the Act as it has been amended since enactment, and preserves the format in which it was passed.

Related legislation

Enforcement of Court Orders Acts 1926 to 2009: this Act is one of a group of Acts included in this collective citation, to be construed together as one (*Enforcement of Court Orders (Amendment) Act 2009* (21/2009), s. 3(2)). The Acts in this group are:

- Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1926 (18/1926)
- Enforcement of Court Orders Act 1940 (23/1940)
- Enforcement of Court Orders (Amendment) Act 2009 (21/2009)

Annotations

This Revised Act is annotated and includes textual and non-textual amendments, statutory instruments made pursuant to the Act and previous affecting provisions.

An explanation of how to read annotations is available at www.lawreform.ie/annotations.

Material not updated in this revision

Where other legislation is amended by this Act, those amendments may have been superseded by other amendments in other legislation, or the amended legislation may have been repealed or revoked. This information is not represented in this revision but will be reflected in a revision of the amended legislation if one is available.

Where legislation or a fragment of legislation is referred to in annotations, changes to this legislation or fragment may not be reflected in this revision but will be reflected in a revision of the legislation referred to if one is available.

A list of legislative changes to any Act, and to statutory instruments from 1972, may be found linked from the page of the Act or statutory instrument at www.irishstatutebook.ie.

Acts which affect or previously affected this revision

- Family Courts Act 2024 (48/2024)
- Civil Debt (Procedures) Act 2015 (28/2015)
- Civil Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2011 (23/2011)
- Civil Partnership and Certain Rights and Obligations of Cohabitants Act 2010 (24/2010)
- Enforcement Of Court Orders (Amendment) Act 2009 (21/2009)
- Social Welfare Consolidation Act 2005 (26/2005)
- Jurisdiction of Courts and Enforcement of Judgments Act 1998 (52/1998)
- Family Law (Divorce) Act 1996 (33/1996)
- Family Law Act 1995 (26/1995)
- Maintenance Act 1994 (28/1994)
- Social Welfare (Consolidation) Act 1993 (27/1993)
- Judicial Separation and Family Law Reform Act 1989 (6/1989)
- Bankruptcy Act 1988 (27/1988)
- Jurisdiction of Courts and Enforcement of Judgments (European Communities) Act 1988 (3/1988)
- Courts (No. 2) Act 1986 (26/1986)
- Family Law (Maintenance of Spouses and Children) Act 1976 (11/1976)
- Maintenance Orders Act 1974 (16/1974)
- Courts Act 1971 (36/1971)

All Acts up to and including *Family Courts Act 2024* (48/2024), enacted 13 November 2024, were considered in the preparation of this revision.

Statutory instruments which affect or previously affected this revision

- Enforcement of Court Orders (Legal Aid) (Amendment) Regulations 2024 (S.I. No. 743 of 2024)
- Justice and Equality (Alteration of Name of Department and Title of Minister) Order 2020 (S.I. No. 452 of 2020)
- European Union (Hague Maintenance Convention) Regulations 2019 (S.I. No. 594 of 2019)
- Enforcement of Court Orders (Legal Aid) (Amendment) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 363 of 2011)
- European Communities (Maintenance) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 274 of 2011)
- Enforcement of Court Orders (Legal Aid) (Amendment) Regulations 2010 (S.I. No. 137 of 2010)
- Enforcement of Court Orders (Legal Aid) Regulations 2009 (S.I. No. 301 of 2009)
- European Communities (Enforcement of Community Judgments, Orders and Decisions) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 121 of 2007)
- European Communities (Civil and Commercial Judgment) Regulations 2002 (S.I. No. 52 of 2002)
- European Communities (Enforcement of Community Judgments) Regulations 1972 (S.I. No. 331 of 1972)

All statutory instruments up to and including *Physiotherapists Registration Board Application for Registration Bye-Law 2025* (S.I. No. 2 of 2025), made 7 January 2025, were considered in the preparation of this revision.